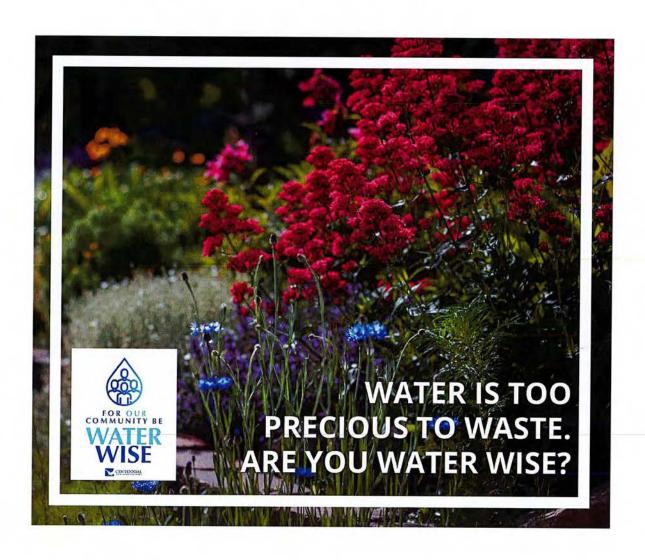


COMPREHENSIVE ANNUAL FINANCIAL REPORT

For the year ended December 31, 2020 and 2021



Prepared by: Department of Finance & Administration Highlands Ranch, Colorado

CENTENNIAL WATER and SANITATION DISTRICT

Serving Highlands Ranch, Colorado

BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AND

SUPPLEMENTAL INFORMATION

For the years ended

DECEMBER 31, 2021 and 2020

CENTENNIAL WATER and SANITATION DISTRICT COMPREHENSIVE ANNUAL FINANCIAL REPORT

For the Years Ended December 31, 2021 and 2020

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September 30, 2022

To: The customers of Centennial Water and Sanitation District
The Board of Directors

We are pleased to present the annual comprehensive financial report of Centennial Water and Sanitation District ("District or Centennial") for the years ended December 31, 2021 and December 31, 2020.

This report was prepared by the Finance and Administration Department in conformance with the standards and requirements of the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, the American Institute of Certified Public Accountants, the Government Finance Officers Association, District resolutions and State statutes. State law requires that the District publish within seven months of the close of year end a complete set of financial statements audited by a firm of licensed certified public accountants.

District management assumes full responsibility for the completeness and reliability of the information contained in the report, based upon a comprehensive framework of internal control that was established for this purpose. Because the cost of internal control should not exceed anticipated benefits the objective is to provide reasonable, rather than absolute, assurance that the financial statements are free of any material misstatements. Disclosures necessary to enable the reader to gain an understanding of the District's activities have been included.

The financial statements have been audited by Haynie & Company, a firm of licensed certified public accountants. Haynie & Company has issued an unmodified opinion that the District's financial statements for the year ended December 31, 2021 are presented fairly. The independent auditor's report is located at the front of the financial section of the report. Haynie is in the first year of doing the audit for a one year engagement. The Board reviews proposals every five years although there is no mandatory rotation.

Management's Discussion and Analysis (MD&A) immediately follows the independent auditor's report and provides a narrative introduction, overview and analysis of the basic financial statements. The MD&A complements this letter of transmittal and should be read in conjunction with it.

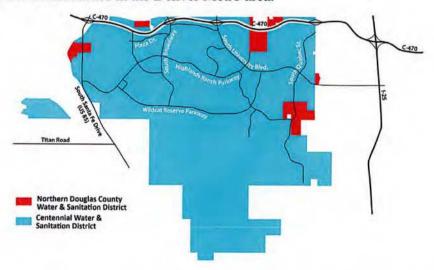
PROFILE, RESPONSIBLITIES AND STRUCTURE OF THE DISTRICT

Centennial Water and Sanitation District, a water and sanitation district organized as a political subdivision of the State of Colorado and as a quasi-municipal corporation created pursuant to Title 32, Colorado Revised Statutes, as amended, was organized in 1980.

The District provides wholesale water and sewer service to other Colorado special districts within its service area. These districts in turn retail these services to the ultimate user. Centennial's current full service customers are:

- Highlands Ranch Metropolitan District ("HRMD"). HRMD, the primary customer, provides service to Highlands Ranch, a master planned community in northern Douglas County, Colorado.
- Mirabelle Metropolitan District ("Mirabelle"). Mirabelle is an unincorporated area in northern Douglas County to the west of Highlands Ranch.
- Northern Douglas County Water and Sanitation District ("Northern Douglas") who serves certain areas in Douglas County adjacent to Highlands Ranch.

The service area, which encompasses Highlands Ranch as its primary area as well as small adjacent areas to the east and west, is located in Douglas County, Colorado which is located at the southern edge of the Denver metropolitan area. Highlands Ranch enjoys a favorable economic environment in relation to other communities in the Denver Metro area.



The District operates under a Board - General Manager form of government. Policymaking and legislative authority is vested in the Board, which consists of five non-partisan members elected at large. The Board is responsible, among other things, for passing resolutions, adopting the budget, appointing committees and hiring the District's general manager and the District's attorney. Board members are elected to four-year staggered terms with either two or three Board members elected every two years.

In 2022, the Board began the process of electing resident Board members, with two new members elected on May 3, 2022 and three more to be elected to in 2023.

The District General Manager is responsible for carrying out the policies and resolutions of the governing board, for overseeing the day-to-day operations of the District, and directly manages three non-statutory departments (headed by appointed department heads) – Water and Wastewater Operations; Engineering; and Finance and Administrative Services.

The basis for determining the reporting entity is established by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board's (GASB) *Statement No. 14, The Financial Reporting Entity.* The financial reporting entity for the Comprehensive Annual Financial Report is Centennial Water and Sanitation District as legally defined. The District has no component units (legally separate entities for which the primary government is financially accountable).

FACTORS AFFECTING FINANCIAL CONDITION

Revenue Base

The District's primary revenue sources are rates assessed based on water usage and consumption and reserved capacity fees based on tap fees assessed against new property as it is connected. The rates are designed to fund general operation and maintenance expenses, debt service, major repair reserves and portions of the water acquisition program. Reserved capacity fees pay for capital projects.

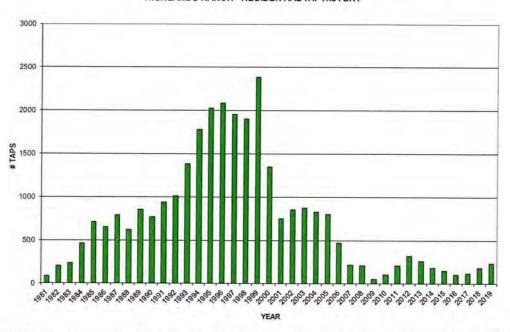
The District has historically benefited, especially in funding necessary infrastructure development, by strong growth within the Highlands Ranch community. As the community matures, the District relies more on the rate base that has been developed, complemented by continued growth potential for the remaining housing development and significant opportunities for commercial and retail growth.

Actual growth in 2021 for the two areas the District serves, the Highlands Ranch Metro District, Mirabelle Metropolitan District, and Northern Douglas County Water and Sanitation District, can be summarized on the following table:

	Highlands		Northern
In 2021	Ranch	Mirabelle	Douglas
Single Family Residential	60	64	30
Multi Family Residential	250	0	0
Nonres idential acres	0	0	0
Nonres idential 3/4" equivalents	24	0	4
1981 - 2021			
Single Family Residential	29,203	190	1,562
Multi Family Residential	8,295	0	216
Nonres idential 3/4" equivalents			
Indoor Use	3,352	0	296
Irrigation Uses	2,493	0	

The annual growth pattern for residential property in Highlands Ranch, the largest share of the service area, since the inception of the District can be summarized on the following table:

HIGHLANDS RANCH - RESIDENTIAL TAP HISTORY



With the 2021 development, Highlands Ranch has reached approximately 98% of the current anticipated ultimate development of single and multi-family residential dwelling units. The re-zoning request of the C-470 corridor described below will result in additional single and multi-family units which if approved will allow the overall residential development within Highlands Ranch to maintain a steady growth rate in relation to the Denver Metro area for the foreseeable future as it approaches maturity.

998 of the 1,333 net acres (74%) zoned for nonresidential development (and not anticipated to be developed with multi-family product) within the Highlands Ranch service area have been developed. The Highlands Ranch Business Park and C-470 corridor development, located off of Lucent Boulevard and the C-470 interchange will be the primary area for any additional office and retail development. Shea Homes and Shea Properties, the owners and developers of the referenced property requested to Douglas County the re-zoning of the property during 2015 in anticipation of development during the remainder of the decade. The re-zoning was approved by the County in 2016 and construction began in late 2016. There is no material growth anticipated in Northern Douglas County Water and Sanitation District.

Mirabelle Metro District ("MMD") is the developer and operator of a new development located off Titan Road and Chatfield Lake Road and there are an estimated 1,100 single-family homes planned. The District began receiving fees for this development in 2020, with 190 development fees received as of December 31, 2021. MMD has a unique payment schedule from the other Highlands Ranch Metropolitan Districts. In order to reserve future taps, MMD is required to acquire

options in addition to a tap fee that is paid just prior to meter installation. The option is equal to 2% of the number of taps being reserved.

Fiscal Policy and Fund Balance

Although the District is an enterprise and reports for financial purposes on that basis, for internal budgeting purposes and bond covenant compliance, traditional governmental funds have been established. The Board has formally adopted and includes as part of the annual budget process, policies related to the maintenance of the ending fund balances and the flow of net revenues in excess of those requirements.

The target ending fund balances for operations and debt service are as follows.

- The ending fund balance for operations will be 6 months of working capital.
- The ending fund balance for debt service will be equal to the next year's debt service payment.

The District deposits directly to the Water Acquisition Fund an amount equal to \$.85/1,000 gallons of water billed.

The policy for transferring current assets in excess of the above requirements are:

- to the Reserve Fund
 - o a transfer of \$5.7 million less any miscellaneous capital expenditures that occurred in the operations fund during the fiscal year
- to the Financial Assurance Fund
 - o any remaining net current assets are transferred to a Financial Assurance Fund.
- each year during the adoption of the next year's budget the Board will review the forecasted fund balances and, if necessary, direct transfers from the Financial Assurance Fund to other funds to meet the financial needs of the District.

Long Range Capital Improvement Planning and Debt Management

The District maintains a comprehensive multi-section Capital Improvements Plan that is reviewed on an annual basis and updated as necessary. The plan includes:

- a Facility Plan section details in the base infrastructure necessary to provide basic service at build out of the service area. This amount is funded from reserve capacity payments.
- a look at the short-term requirements for additional surface water acquisition.
- facilities required due to the changing regulatory environment. Funding will be evaluated for these facilities and upgrades as the improvements are required.

In recent years, accumulated reserved capacity fee collections have not only been sufficient to pay for all of the identified base infrastructure capital projects but also the capital projects fund balance which exceeds the identified remaining Facility Plan project costs. In the early years, debt was issued to fund all major capital outlay. In addition, future water acquisition and regulatory improvements may require some additional debt.

During 2018, the design phase of improvements at the wastewater treatment plant to meet regulatory requirements and address aging infrastructure was completed. The estimated cost of the project is \$83 million. Staff recommended, and in January 2019 the Board approved issuance of \$75 million in revenue bonds to fund the project. During debt issuance process, Standard & Poor's confirmed the District's rating at AAA and Fitch confirmed the rating of AA+.

The District achieved this level in part based on:

- Strength of the District's financial performance as indicated by five consecutive years of good debt service coverage and very strong liquidity.
- Overall low debt levels
- Ample water supply which officials believe will be sufficient to meet projected build out demand.

During 2013 the District applied for a Colorado Water Conservation Board Loan for up to 90% of the Chatfield Reallocation Project (described below) costs. In May 2014 the loan was approved by CWCB in 3 tranches with each at a rate of 3%. The proceeds will be distributed similar to a construction loan. Interest may be deferred until construction is complete but the District anticipates making semi-annual payments. Draws began in 2017. As of December 31, 2021 the total amount drawn was \$52,952,375.

Pension and other employee benefits

The District does not participate in Social Security but does maintain a defined contribution pension plan. All regular District employees are required to participate in the Plan and are eligible on their date of hire. Eligible employees are required to contribute 6.2% of pay, which is matched by the District. The contribution level was established equivalent to the Social Security requirements and total contributions will be capped at the same maximum as established for Social Security contributions. In addition, the District offers all regular employees the option to contribute to a 457 plan. The District matches the employee contributions to the 457 plan up to a maximum of 6%.

The District is a member of the Colorado Special District Association pool that provides medical, dental, vision, short-term disability and life insurance benefits. The health insurance plans allow retirees who have reached age 50 and 15 years of service to retire and stay in the plan until age 65. All premiums are the responsibility of the retired employee. There are five past employees taking advantage of the benefit.

MAJOR INITIATIVES

Wastewater

The Colorado Water Quality Commission has approved regulations for more stringent standards for treating discharges from wastewater treatment plants across the state. The District awarded a construction contract in January 2019 to begin improvements to address regulatory requirements and address aging infrastructure. The construction is anticipated to be complete by the end of 2023.

Water

In 2018, the District engaged a consultant to complete a utility plan for the water treatment plant. Several improvements were identified to address aging infrastructure and improve efficiency. The capital plan anticipates addressing in phases. In 2020, the District engaged a consultant to begin design for Phase I. Construction will begin in the fall of 2022.

Additional supplies of renewable surface water to supplement the existing water portfolio through a major regional project was completed in 2021.

• The District is a major participant in reallocating flood storage space to municipal uses in Chatfield Reservoir. The final phase of approval through the US Army Corps of Engineers was approved in October 2014. The District's initial share was estimated to ultimately cost approximately \$50 million. In October 2017 the District was notified of an increase to the cost estimate bringing the total commitment to \$57 million. The District requested an increase in the loan amount and it was approved in May 2018. Funding was placed in an escrow during 2015 with funding coming from cash reserves and from the CWCB loan described above. It is anticipated that repayment will come entirely from the increase in the Water Acquisition portion of the rates.

AWARDS AND ACKNOWLEDGMENTS

The Government Finance Officers Association of the United States and Canada (GFOA) awarded a Certificate of Achievement for Excellence in Financial Reporting to Centennial Water and Sanitation District for its comprehensive annual financial report for the year ended December 31, 2020. The District received the Certificate of Achievement for the twenty-first consecutive year.

In order to be awarded a Certificate of Achievement, a government unit must publish an easily readable and efficiently organized comprehensive annual financial report. This report must satisfy both generally accepted accounting principles and applicable legal requirements.

A Certificate of Achievement is valid for a period of one year only. We believe our current report continues to conform to the Certificate of Achievement program requirements, and we are submitting it to GFOA to determine its eligibility for another certificate.

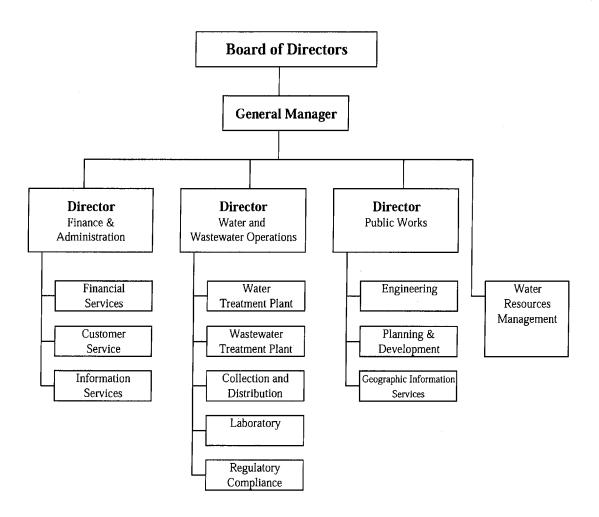
The preparation of this report could not have been accomplished without the efficient and dedicated services of the entire staff of the Financial Services Department. I would like to express my appreciation to all members of the department who assisted and contributed to the preparation of this report. Due credit also should be given to the Board of Directors for their interest, support and responsiveness in planning and conducting the operations and financial affairs of the District.

Respectfully submitted,

Stephanie Stanley

Director, Finance and Administration

Centennial Water and Sanitation District



CENTENNIAL WATER and SANITATION DISTRICT HIGHLANDS RANCH, COLORADO

BOARD OF DIRECTORS AND DISTRICT OFFICIALS

ELECTED BOARD OF DIRECTORS AS OF DECEMBER 31, 2021

<u>OFFICE</u>		TERM OF OFFICE
CHAIR	Jeffrey Kappes	May 2020 - May 2023
VICE-CHAIR	John Kilrow	May 2020 - May 2023
TREASURER	Terri Kershisnik	May 2020 - May 2023
ASST. SECRETARY	Jeff Donelson	May 2018 - May 2022
ASST. SECRETARY	Tim Roberts	May 2018 - May 2022

APPOINTED DISTRICT OFFICIALS

ACTING GENERAL MANAGER Stephanie Stanley

DIRECTOR, FINANCE AND ADMINISTRATION Stephanie Stanley

DIRECTOR, WATER & WASTEWATER OPERATIONS Sam Calkins

> DIRECTOR, PUBLIC WORKS Jeff Case



1221 W. Mineral Avenue, Suite 202 Littleton, CO 80120

303-734-4800



303-795-3356



www.HaynieCPAs.com

Independent Auditor's Report

To the Board of Directors Centennial Water & Sanitation District

Opinions

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of Centennial Water & Sanitation District (the District) as of and for the year ended December 31, 2021, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the District's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of Centennial Water & Sanitation District, as of December 31, 2021, and the respective changes in financial position and cash flows thereof for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Basis for Opinions

We conducted our audits in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements section of our report. We are required to be independent of Centennial Water & Sanitation District and to meet our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with the relevant ethical requirements relating to our audits. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

Responsibilities of Management for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, management is required to evaluate whether there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about Centennial Water & Sanitation District's ability to continue as a going concern within one year after the date that the financial statements are available to be issued.

Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not absolute assurance and therefore is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards will always detect a material misstatement when it exists.





The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control. Misstatements, including omissions, are considered material if there is a substantial likelihood that, individually or in the aggregate, they would influence the judgment made by a reasonable user based on the financial statements.

In performing an audit in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards, we:

- Exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit.
- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud
 or error, and design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks. Such procedures include
 examining, on a test basis, evidence regarding the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures
 that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the
 effectiveness of Centennial Water & Sanitation District's internal control. Accordingly, no such
 opinion is expressed.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluate the overall presentation of the financial statements.
- Conclude whether, in our judgment, there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that
 raise substantial doubt about Centennial Water & Sanitation District's ability to continue as a going
 concern for a reasonable period of time.

We are required to communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit, significant audit findings, and certain internal control related matters that we identified during the audit.

Other Matters

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the management's discussion and analysis, as listed in the table of contents, be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Other Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise Centennial Water & Sanitation District's basic financial statements. The supplemental information section is presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements.

The supplementary information as listed in the table of contents is the responsibility of management and was derived from and relates directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the supplementary information is fairly stated, in all material respects, in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

The introductory and statistical sections have not been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and, accordingly, we do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on them.

Littleton, Colorado September 29, 2022

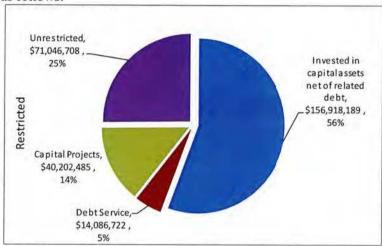
Hayrie & Company

Management's Discussion and Analysis

As management of the Centennial Water and Sanitation District we are pleased to provide a discussion and analysis of the District's 2021 financial statements. This narrative overview provides a more detailed and insightful examination of the financial condition and operating results for the fiscal year ended December 31, 2021 as well as information on any financial issues and activities. We encourage readers to consider the information presented here in conjunction with additional information in our letter of transmittal, which can be found on pages i to vii of this report.

Financial Highlights

Net position represents the amount that assets and deferred outflow of resources exceed liabilities. At the close of the current fiscal year the District had a net position of \$282,254,104, an increase of \$8,863,662 or 3.2% over the fiscal 2020 net position. The components of the 2021 net position are categorized as follows:



- Liabilities decreased by \$5,541,998 during 2021 to a year-end balance of \$147,330,428.
 - The most significant portion of the liabilities is related to the District's long-term debt consisting of revenue bonds payable and to a lesser extent compensated absences.
 - Revenue bonds payable, decreased by \$6,852,904 to a total outstanding balance of \$140,757,102. The District made scheduled principal payments on the outstanding issues.
- Prudent fiscal stewardship by the District continues.
 - The Board monitors its reserve policy to ensure that the District has financial stability during both changing economic times as well as annual revenue fluctuations due to changing water demands. The Board has created reserves for major equipment repair and replacement; funding of additional acquisition of sustainable water supplies and a financial assurance fund. This fund can be used for various Board determined purposes with its primary purpose being rate stability. However it can be used for debt payments and acquisition of water supplies.
 - > Employee related costs remain manageable.
 - The District has a performance based pay plan that compares wages with comparable wages in the Denver metro area.
 - o The cost of employee benefits remains manageable as the result of maintaining a defined contribution plan and annual review of employee benefits. The base health insurance plan was unchanged during 2021. Employees shared in any premium increases based on the existing premium sharing arrangement with the employees.

Overview of the Financial Statements

This discussion and analysis is intended to serve as an introduction to the District's basic financial statements.

The District's financial statements included in this annual report are those of a special purpose government engaged only in a business-type activity. The statements are comprised of two components: 1) basic financial statements and 2) notes to the financial statements. This report also contains other supplementary information in addition to the basic financial statements themselves.

The following basic financial statements are included:

- The statement of net position presents information on all of the District's assets, deferred outflows of resources, liabilities and deferred inflows of resources, with the difference between the two reported as net position. Over time, increases or decreases in net position may serve as a useful indicator of whether the financial position of the District is improving or deteriorating (see pages 1-2).
- The statement of revenues, expenses and changes in net position presents information showing how the District's net position changed during the most recent fiscal year. All changes in net position are reported as soon as the underlying event giving rise to the change occurs, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Thus, revenues and expenses are reported in this statement for some items that will only result in cash flows in future fiscal periods (e.g., earned but unused vacation leave). The statement reports the District's operating and nonoperating revenue by source along with operating and nonoperating expenses and capital contributions (see page 3).
- The *statement of cash flows* reports the District's cash flows from operating activities, investing, capital and noncapital activities (see page 4).

The **notes to the financial statements** provide additional information that is essential to a full understanding of the data provided in the government-wide and fund financial statements. The notes to the financial statements can be found beginning on page 5 of this report.

In addition to the basic financial statements and accompanying notes, this report also presents certain **supplementary information** concerning the District's budgetary comparisons. Supplementary information can be found immediately after the notes.

Financial Analysis

Net position

As discussed above, net position serves over time as a useful indicator of a government's financial position.

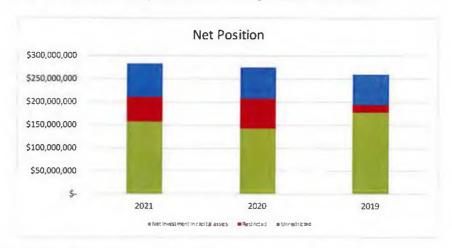
- Net position continued to improve in 2021 as at December 31, 2021 the District assets exceeded liabilities by \$282,254,104 an increase of \$8,863,661 or 3.2% from December 31, 2020.
- Net position was \$273,390,442 at December 31, 2020, an increase of \$14,032,860 or 5.4% from December 31, 2019.

The following tables summarize the current years change in various component of net position:

Condensed Statement of Net Position

				2021-202	20	2020-201	9
	As of December 31,		Increase	%	Increase	%	
	2021	2020	2019	(Decrease)	Change	(Decrease)	Change
Assets	W						
Current assets	\$ 75,203,137	\$ 70,842,671	\$ 68,659,427	\$ 4,360,466	6.16%	5 2,183,244	3.18%
Current restricted assets	57,890,918	66,757,938	90,888,420	(8,867,020)	-13.28%	(24,130,482)	-26.55%
Capital assets net of accumulated	297,458,392	289,640,684	256,225,346	7,817,708	2.70%	33,415,338	13.04%
Total assets	430,552,447	427,241,293	415,773,193	3,311,154	0.78%	11,468,100	2.76%
Deferred outflow of resources	216,899	422,218	690,348	(205,319)	-48.63%	(268,130)	-38.84%
Liabilities							
Current tiabilities payable from current assets	2,185,885	2,131,090	2,222,112	54,795	2.57%	(91,022)	-4.10%
Current liabilities payable from restricted assets	11,753,623	9,950,300	16,769,899	1,803,323	18.12%	(6,819,599)	-40.67%
Long-term debt	133,390,920	140,791,036	138,113,948	(7,400,116)	-5.26%	2,677,088	1.94%
Total liabilities	147,330,428	152,872,426	157,105,959	(5,541,998)	-3.63%	(4,233,533)	-2.69%
Net Position							
Net investment in capital assets	156,918,189	142,453,706	176,701,851	14,464,483	10.15%	(34,248,145)	-19.38%
Restricted	54,289,207	64,464,353	16,771,647	(10,175,145)	-15.78%	47,692,705	284.37%
Unrestricted	71,046,708	66,472,384	65,884,084	4,574,323	6.88%	588,300	0.89%
Net postion	\$ 282,254,104	\$ 273,390,443	\$ 259,357,582	\$ 8,863,661	3.24%	\$ 14,032,861	5.41%

The components that comprise net position have changed as shown below:



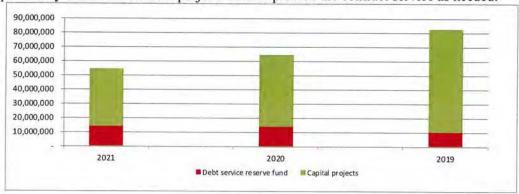
As would be expected for a utility, the largest portion of the District's net position is the net investment in capital assets (56 percent). This category reflects the Districts total historic investment, at cost, in capital assets (e.g., infrastructure, plant, buildings, water rights, machinery, and equipment); less any related outstanding debt used to acquire those assets.

Capital assets are used to provide services to customers; consequently, these assets are *not* available for future spending. Although the Centennial Water and Sanitation District's investment in its capital assets is reported net of related debt, it should be noted that the resources needed to repay this debt must be provided from other sources, since the capital assets themselves cannot be used to liquidate these liabilities. The table above summarizes how the amount changed during 2021. The changes in each of the components from December 31, 2020 to December 31, 2021 are summarized in the following table.

	Net Investment		et Investment Restricted				
		Capital Assets	Debt Service	Ca	pital Projects	Unrestricted	
Balance December 31, 2020	\$	142,453,706	\$13,798,205	\$	50,666,148	\$ 66,472,384	
Change in net position						8,863,653	
Paid principal		7,173,465				(7,173,465)	
Debt issuance		(862,086)				862,086	
Capital outlay		14,338,108			(10,463,663)	(3,874,437)	
Depreciation (net of retirements)		(6,520,398)				6,520,398	
Amort of premiums/disc etc.		540,714				(540,714)	
Adjust deffered amount of refunding		(205,319)				205,319	
Adjust to next years P&I			288,518			(288,518)	
Balance December 31, 2021	\$	156,918,190	\$14,086,722	\$	40,202,485	\$71,046,706	

The District has restricted assets (19 percent) consistent with various legal and other outside restrictions. Restricted net position consists of a debt service reserve fund and the capital projects fund that is restricted due to contractual provision in the intergovernmental service agreement and bond proceeds.

- \$14,086,722 has been restricted for the payment of the 2022 debt service. The Board has determined that, in order to guarantee future compliance with various provisions of bond covenants, it would be appropriate to restrict an amount equal to the following years scheduled debt service payments. As a result the financial statements reflect these restricted assets.
- \$13,326,702 is related to reserved capacity payments received from the various governmental entities that the District serves. This amount is restricted on the books for the construction of future capital projects required to provide service pursuant to the terms of the agreements with the entities served by the District. The funds may be transferred at the discretion of the Board to be used for the payment of principal on debt service previously issued to construct projects built to provide the contract service as needed.



	2021-202	20	2020-2019		
	Increase (Decrease)	% Change		Increase (Decrease)	% Change
Debt service reserve fund	\$ 288,518	2.09%	\$	3,550,920	1.87%
Capital projects	\$ (10,463,664)	-20.65%	\$	(21,661,577)	6.04%

After considering the above restrictions, the District has unrestricted net position that may be used to meet the government's ongoing obligations to citizens and creditors of \$71,046,708. The District has internally designated by resolution as part of the budget process three distinct reserves for funding future requirements in addition to the restricted funding identified above:

- > a major repair, maintenance and replacement of equipment reserve
- > a long term surface water acquisition reserve
- > a financial assurance fund

As of December 31, 2021 the amount designated for the first two reserves was approximately \$40 million from unrestricted net position accumulated for the fiscal year and in total as shown below:

	Major Repair					Water A				
		Current		irrent		Current				
		Year	(<u>umulative</u>		Year	(Cumulative	_	Combined
Funding sources										
Rates	\$	5,750,000	\$	29,445,816	\$	3,973,650	\$	20,058,551	\$	49,504,367
Development fees		-		-		589,570		19,854,768		19,854,768
Misc. Income		-		92,533		(1,493)		13,420		105,953
Interfund Transfers		-		-		-		2,056,850		2,056,850
Expended		(2,080,281)		(3,218,912)		(2,314,088)		(28,131,141)		(31,350,052)
	\$	3,669,719	\$	26,319,437	\$	2,247,639	\$	13,852,448	\$	40,171,886

The financial assurance fund remained flat with a total fund balance of \$18.7m as of December 31, 2021. This fund is not required based on the financial position of the District but has been created by the Board consistent with bond covenant provisions.

The remaining \$12.1 million of unrestricted assets is sufficient to meet the 6 months of working capital that has been targeted by District policy to be maintained.

Other <u>significant</u> changes (those in excess of \$1m) in the statement of net position were as follows:

- **RESTRICTED ASSETS** in 2021 *decreased* \$10m from 2020 after *increasing* \$10m between 2020 and 2019.
- CAPITAL ASSETS, NET are discussed more fully under capital related assets.
- LONG TERM DEBT in 2021 decreased \$6.8m or 4.6% from 2020 after increasing \$2.7m or 2% between 2020 and 2019. In 2021 the outstanding debt was increased by draws on the Colorado Water Conservation Board loan for the Chatfield Reallocation Project.

Changes in net position

The following table summarizes the components of changes in net position and the impact on total net position:

Condensed Statement of Changes in Net Position

											_		2021-20	2021-2020		2020-2019	
	_				_				_				Increase	%		Increase	%
	L	2	021		L		2020			2	019		(Decrease)	Change	_(1	Decrease)	Change
Operating income																	
Operating revenue:																	
Water operations	\$	31,702,738			\$	33,061,066			\$	27,988,167			\$ (1,358,328)	-4.1%	\$	5,072,899	18.1%
Wastewater operations		13,07 <u>6,33</u> 0			_	12,033,862				11,542,746			1,042,468	8.7%		491,116	4.3%
Total operating revenues			\$	44,779,068			\$	45,094,928			\$ 3	9,530,913	(315,860)	-0.7%		5,564,015	14.1%
Business operating expense:																	
Water operations		14,646,250				14,549,027				13,881,475			97,223	0.7%		667,552	4.8%
Wastewater operations		4,792,826				4,572,374				4,677,723			220,452	4.8%		(105,349)	-2.3%
Administrative and general		8,073,425				7,567,867				7,043,588			505,558	6.7%		524,279	7.4%
Noncapitalized major repair		1,634,109				881,405				514,101			752,704	nc		367,304	nc
Total business operating expenses			_	29,146,610				27,570,673			2	6,116,887	1,575,937	5.7%	_	1,453,786	5.6%
Direct businees related income				15,632,458				17,524,255			1	3,414,026	(1,891,797)	-10.8%		4,110,229	30.6%
Non-cash operating expenses:																	
Depreciation		6,520,401			_	6,461,405				6,378,444							
Total non-cash operating expenses				6,520,401				6,461,405			4	6,378,444	58,996	0.9%		82,961	1.3%
Operating income				9,112,057				11,062,850				7,035,582	(1,950,793)	-17.6%	_	4,027,268	57.2%
Non-operating income																	
Non-operating revenue:																	
Net investment income (loss)		(469,318)				3,542,514				4,785,312			(4,011,832)	-113.2%		(1,242,798)	-26.0%
Gain on disposal of equipment		23,431				1,288				53,060			22,143	1719.2%		(51,772)	nc
Other Income		1,229,952			_	171,987				111,600			1,057,965	nc		60,387	
Total non-operating revenues				784,0 65				3,715,789			4	1,949,972	(2,931,724)	-78.9%	_	(1,234,183)	-24.9%
Non-operating expense:																	
Interest		5,160,591				3,762,647				5,691,726			1,397,944	37.2%		(1,929,079)	-33.9%
Other		(335,396)				268,130				76 7,772			(603,526)			(499,642)	-65.1%
Total non-operating expenses				4,825,195				4,030,777				5,459,498	794,418	19.7%		(2,428,721)	-37.6%
Income (loss) before contribution	ns			5,070,927				10,747,862			:	5,526,056	(5,676,935)	-52.8%		5,221,806	94.5%
Capital Contributions				3,792,726				3,284,998			:	2,399,351	507,728	15.5%		885,647	36.9%
Change in net position				8,863,653				14,032,860				7,925,407	\$ (5,169,207)	-36.8%	\$	6,107,453	77.1%
Net position - beginning				273,390,442				259,357,582			25	1,432,175					
Net position - ending			\$	282,254,095			\$	273,390,442			\$ 259	,357,582					

As shown on the above table, net position increased in 2021 by \$8.9m (3.2%) compared to \$14m (5.4%) in 2020 and \$7.9m (3.2%) in 2019. The day to day business related income from operations (operating revenues less operating expenses before the non-cash expenses for depreciation and amortization) increased the District's net position by \$15,632,458 in 2021. When the income from business operations is adjusted for depreciation, amortization and non-capitalized major repairs, operating income in 2021 was available to contribute \$9,112,057 towards the payment of interest on the District's outstanding debt and the transfer to the reserves discussed previously.

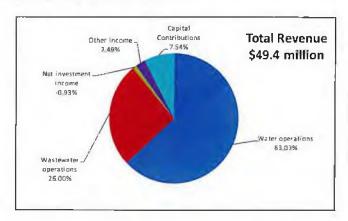
The more critical components of the change are related to the income and expenses directly related to business operations and capital contributions. These two areas generate the funding to make the annual debt service payments.

- Direct business related operating income in 2021, before considering depreciation and amortization, was \$15,632,458 a decrease of \$1.8m from 2020 which was an increase of \$4.2m over 2019.
- Capital contributions continued as a significant revenue source, increasing both total net position and the restricted net position for capital projects. Capacity fees, which are in excess of the actual physical connection costs, are designed to recover the cost of building the entire system of infrastructure necessary to serve the customer base. These capital contributions are restricted by intergovernmental agreements for use either to construct capital assets or to repay the principal on debt used to fund prior capital assets.

Key elements contributing to the changes in net position are more fully described below.

Revenues and Capital Contributions

The pie chart below provides a perspective of 2021 relationship between revenues and capital contributions to the total funding by these sources.



Operating revenues

Water revenues are generated using a structure based on individual customer water budgets. The innovative structure is designed for and continues to generate sufficient revenues to comply with the requirements found in the District's bond covenants and to meet the internal objectives defined by the Board during both drought and wet year scenarios. The rate structure includes the following key elements and objectives:

- "Water Budgets" established for each individual customer that are the basis for a steeply increasing block rate structure to encourage conservation
- A significant fixed rate "Water Service Availability Fee" charged to customers is intended to increase the fixed revenue for the District to better match the costs of paying debt service and customer related billing costs as well as establishing appropriate reserves for equipment replacement.
- Accumulation of funds for major repair and/or replacement of equipment
- > Accumulation of funds for long-term water acquisition.

Wastewater revenues for residential wastewater service are annually adjusted based on the individual homes monthly wintertime water consumption for selected bi- monthly billing periods as a proxy for actual sewer flows during the entire year. The residential wastewater charges require a minimum per bimonthly billing based on the approved rate. The minimum includes 3,000 gallons. The actual bimonthly rate to the consumer is then determined for each individual household based on its wintertime consumption multiplied by the then current rate (which is also the nonresidential rate) for usage greater than 3,000 gallons plus the minimum amount.

The following table demonstrates the volatility in total operating revenues, primarily water over the last 10 years.

The operating revenues were influenced by the following:

- Water 2021 vs. 2020 operating revenue from rates charged for water consumption decreased 4.1% in 2021
 - the base water rates per 1,000 gallons increased from \$3.90 to \$4.10
 - overall consumption decreased 13.6% from 2020

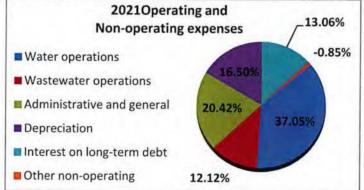
- Water 2020 vs. 2019 operating revenue from rates charged for water consumption increased 18% in 2020.
 - > the base water rates per 1,000 gallons increased from \$3.73 to \$3.90
 - overall consumption increased 15.8% from 2019
- Wastewater 2021 vs. 2020 operating revenue from rates charged for wastewater increased 8.7% in 2021
 - > the base wastewater rates per 1,000 gallons increased from \$3.68 to \$3.75
 - wintertime consumption, the basis for the charge for residential customers has stabilized around 8,500 gallons bi-monthly.
- Wastewater 2020 vs. 2019 operating revenue from rates charged for wastewater increased 4% in 2020
 - > the base wastewater rates per 1,000 gallons increased from \$3.35 to \$3.68
 - ➤ wintertime consumption, the basis for the charge for residential customers has stabilized around 8,500 gallons bi-monthly.

Non-operating revenues

Capital contributions are paid by Highlands Ranch Metropolitan District, Mirabelle Metropolitan District, and Northern Douglas County Water and Sanitation District. In 2021, generated by the contractual requirement for the acquisition of reserved capacity in the District's system, the contributions amounted to \$3,792,726 primarily from Highlands Ranch Metropolitan District. This was an increase of \$0.5m from the total capital contributions received in 2020.

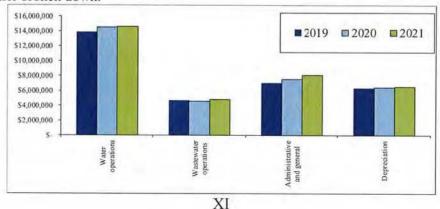
Operating and Non-operating Expenses

The pie chart below summarizes the 2021 operating and non-operating expenses by type.



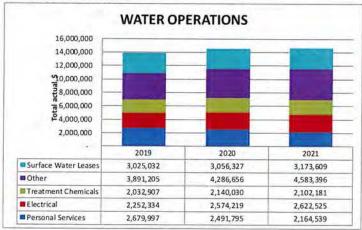
Operating expenses

The relationship between the major components for the 2021, 2020 and 2019 operating expenses can be further broken down:



- District operating expenses are predominantly fixed and therefore change little in response to demands. Typical fixed costs which represent approximately 75% of the budget include:
 - cost of personal services fixed within the production needs for each function subject to annual increases in wages and benefits and new positions that may be necessary, both of which require specific Board approval.
 - contracted services include base contractual obligations for the purchase of water, significant legal related expenses and insurance. The purchase of water may vary when certain economic opportunities are presented to the Board.
 - > materials and supplies for routine maintenance
 - > purchased services related to maintenance; outside lab services etc.
- In addition to the above fixed costs, the electrical and chemical costs are semi-variable.
 These semi-variable costs change in a very narrow stepped pattern as various production trains are started to accommodate different production levels.

WATER OPERATIONS expense in 2021 *increased* \$0.1m or 0.7% from 2020 after *increasing* \$0.7m or 4.8% between 2020 and 2019.

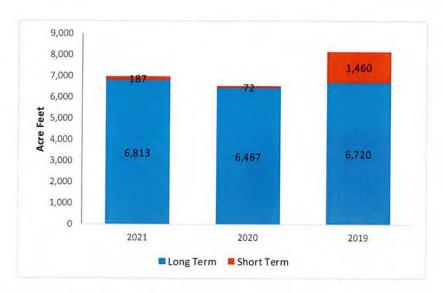


Personal services, which includes wages and benefits, usually increases each year due to market adjustments and promotions. Although budgeted FTE's remained unchanged during the period, actual annual costs are impacted by position vacancies that may occur during the year.

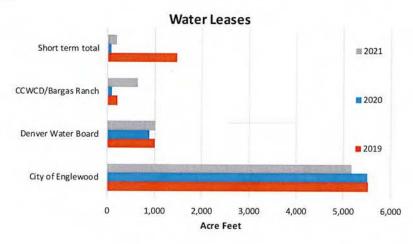
Electrical and treatment chemical costs tend to be the most variable expense type. In 2021 the District's primary supply was from surface water supplemented by groundwater.

Other expenditures for Water Operations includes operating expenses for two new major water projects; Chatfield and WISE. Other expenditures also includes meter replacement and installation, repair services, and repair parts that although they can vary from year to year have a lesser impact on the position of net assets.

The District has several base long-term surface water leases, as more fully described in Note IV D3 which have an annual minimum commitment of approximately \$1.8m. However in any given year additional surface water may be available from either 1) additional water from the long-term leases beyond the base amount; or 2) various short term leases the District has entered into.



Over the last three years long-term leases makeup an average of 91% of our surface water lease acquisition program. The annual amounts provided for each of the sources is provided in the following table.



WASTEWATER OPERATIONS expense in 2021 *increased* \$220k or 4.8% from 2020 after *decreasing* \$105k or -2% between 2020 and 2019.



Personnel services, which includes wages and benefits normally increases each year due to market adjustments. Normally wastewater expenses are consistent year over year unless there is a significant change in the plant processes. Phase II improvements to the wastewater treatment plant began in 2019 and is having a minor impact on operating expenses.

ADMINISTRATIVE AND GENERAL costs were flat over the three year period with increases limited to the adjustment in wages based on market condition.

DEPRECIATION costs were generally flat over the three year period with no net material additions of depreciable assets.

Non-operating expenses

The material non-operating expenses are comprised of interest expense on the outstanding debt and bond issuance costs (either amortization of or current year expenses).

Interest Expense								
Bond Issue	2021	2020	2019					
2012A Revenue Loan	245,279	323,818	401,180					
2012B Revenue Loan	202,566	250,782	298,116					
2019 Revenue Bond	3,214,588	3,214,588	2,741,329					
CWCB Loan	1,103,518	1,127,212	-					
	4,765,950	4,916,399	3,440,625					
Net amortization OID/premium	394,641	(885,622)	1,374,083					
	\$ 5,160,591	\$ 4,030,777	\$ 4,814,708					

Capital Related Assets and Debt Administration

Capital assets. The Centennial Water and Sanitation District's investment in capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation, as of December 31, 2021, amounts to \$297,458,392 an increase of \$7.8m. This investment in capital assets includes:

- the water treatment system including raw and treated water storage reservoirs, pump stations and treatment plants
- the wastewater treatment system including lift stations and a treatment plant
- major infrastructure for the transmission and distribution of water and the collection and transmission of wastewater
- administrative offices
- miscellaneous machinery and equipment.

Major capital asset activity during the current fiscal year included the following:

- Construction of Phase II improvements at the wastewater treatment plant to meet regulatory requirements and address aging infrastructure.
- Redrill of existing well.

Additional information on the Centennial Water and Sanitation District's capital assets can be found in Note III.B on page 12.

Long-term debt. At the end of the current fiscal year, the District had total revenue bonded debt outstanding of \$140,757,102. The District's debt represents bonds and loans secured solely by specified revenue sources (i.e. revenue bonds). In 2021 the debt increased as the result of loan draws from the Colorado Water Conservation Board for the Chatfield Reallocation Project.

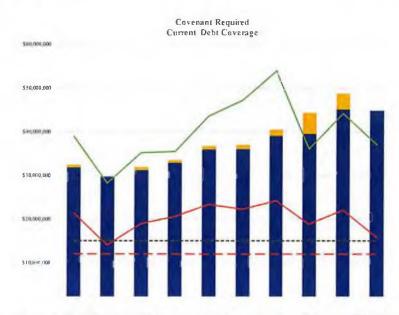
Traditionally the District's outstanding revenue debt issued with bond insurance that provided an "AAA" rating from Standard & Poors. However, due to the changes in the insurance market, the underlying District ratings are more important.

- In December of 2018, Standard & Poors, as the result of a review for the bond issuance confirmed the District's rating of AAA with a stable outlook.
- In December 2021, Fitch issued a rating of AA+ with a stable outlook.

Pursuant to the various bond agreements, the District is required to maintain certain ratios (see Table C-2 in the Statistical Section).

- The minimum bond covenants require a coverage ratio of over 100 percent based on the ratio of "Net Recurring Funding" (net recurring utility revenue vs. current year debt service). The ratio decreased in 2021 to 132% after increasing in 2020 to 184% and decreasing to 157% in 2019. The annual swings relate to the annual changes in water rate revenue due to the amount of precipitation during the irrigation season.
- A minimum secondary coverage ratio of 125% is based on the ratio of "Net Recurring Funding plus capital contributions plus the financial assurance set-aside." The ratio decreased in 2021 to 308% from 368% in 2020 directly related to decreased water rate revenue.
 - However, the financial assurance set-aside, factored in as available for rate stabilization, increased the ratio from 190% prior to the establishment of the fund in 2010 to 295% in 2015, and 308% in 2020.

The chart below shows that the District typically has significant reserves, from basic operations without considering the financial assurance fund that could be used to dampen any impact on net position and rate covenants in the event that wet weather trends would reappear and reduce revenues in any given year.



Additional information on the District's long-term debt can be found in note III.C on pages 14-15 of this report.

Economic Factors and Next Year's Budgets and Rates

The following factors were considered in preparing the District's budget for 2022:

- The unemployment rate for the county within which the District is located is currently 2.9 percent, which is lower than a year ago.
- The growth in water and wastewater customers within the District's service area continues to increase slowly but in a relatively stable pattern. This will continue to result in relatively flat annual increases in operating revenue before considering the periodic rate increases that will be necessary to accommodate regulatory and inflationary pressures.
- Effective January 1, 2022, the rates for water and wastewater service charged by the District were increased primarily to adjust for changing usage patterns, expected increase in electrical costs, anticipated issuance of debt to fund wastewater treatment plant improvements and to increase the set aside for the water acquisition fund. The combined impact of the changes will result in the average homeowner paying approximately 5.1% more in 2022.
- Inflationary trends in the region compare favorably to national indices with the exception of electrical costs. Electrical costs in the west are less than elsewhere but to date the anticipated increases have been applied inconsistently and are not increasing to match the nationwide costs at the rates anticipated over the last few years.

At year-end, the unrestricted net position was \$71,046,708. The unrestricted net position significantly exceeds the 2022 fiscal year budget appropriations of \$29,082,092 for operations spending and \$12,757,130 for debt service. In addition to the unrestricted net position more than covering the debt service requirements, the District has specifically restricted assets for debt service in the amount of \$14,086,722.

Requests for Information

This financial report is designed to provide a general overview of Centennial Water and Sanitation District's finances for those with an interest in the government's finances. In addition, this financial report and related information is available on the District's website at www.centennialwater.org. If you have any questions concerning any of the information provided in this report or requests for additional financial information please contact Director, Finance and Administration, Centennial Water and Sanitation District, 62 W. Plaza Drive, Highlands Ranch, Colorado 80129.

CENTENNIAL WATER AND SANITATION DISTRICT STATEMENTS OF NET POSITION December 31, 2021 and 2020

ASSETS	2021	Restated 2020
CURRENT ASSETS		
CURRENT OPERATING ASSETS		
Cash deposits and investments	\$ 65,918,706	\$ 62,648,105
Accounts receivable	3,893,191	4,183,389
Due from other governments	3,958,315	2,330,045
Lease recievable	1,184,814	1,400,642
Prepaid expenses	12,429	-
Inventory	49,070	39,243
Net investment income receivable	186,612	241,247
	75,203,137	70,842,671
CURRENT RESTRICTED ASSETS		
Cash deposits and investments	57,873,994	66,699,323
Receivables	16,924	58,615
	57,890,918	66,757,938
Total Current Assets	133,094,055	137,600,609
NONCURRENT ASSETS		
Capital assets		
Buildings	2,353,338	2,353,338
Treatment system	266,154,452	265,569,726
Machinery and equipment	19,249,465	17,162,016
Water rights	40,532,735	40,532,735
Construction in progress	134,457,480	122,889,048
Less accumulated depreciation	(165,289,078)	(158,866,179)
Total Noncurrent Assets	297,458,392	289,640,684
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES		
Deferred amount on refunding	216,899	422,218
Total deferred outflows of resources	216,899	422,218
Total Assets and Deferred Outflows of Resources	\$ 430,769,346	\$ 427,663,511

(Continued to next page)

CENTENNIAL WATER AND SANITATION DISTRICT STATEMENTS OF NET POSITION December 31, 2021 and 2020

LIABILITIES AND NET POSITION	2021	Restated 2020
CURRENT LIABILITIES		
CURRENT LIABILITIES PAYABLE FROM CURRENT		
OPERATING ASSETS		
Accounts payable	\$ 1,564,720	\$ 1,326,008
Accrued payroll liabilities	75,784	158,693
Retainages payable	-	19,406
Deposits	504,871	587,653
Current portion of compensated absences	40,510	39,330
	2,185,885	2,131,090
CURRENT LIABILITIES PAYABLE FROM CURRENT RESTRICTED ASSETS		
Accounts and contracts payable	1,044,249	187,832
Retainages payable	2,557,462	2,105,754
Accrued interest payable	468,556	483,249
Current portion of bonds payable	7,683,356	7,173,465
	11,753,623	9,950,300
Total Current Liabilities	13,939,508	12,081,390
NONCURRENT LIABILITIES		
Compensated absences	317,174	355,305
Revenue bonds payable (net of unamortized premiums and discounts)	133,073,746	140,435,731
Total Noncurrent Liabilities	133,390,920	140,791,036
Total Liabilities	147,330,428	152,872,426
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES		
Lease Revenue	1,184,814	1,400,642
Total Deferred inflows of resurces	1,184,814	1,400,642
NET POSITION		
Net investment in capital assets	156,918,189	142,453,706
Restricted		
Debt Service	14,086,722	13,798,205
Capital Projects	40,202,485	50,666,148
Unrestricted	71,046,708	66,472,384
Total Net Position	282,254,104	273,390,443
Total Liabilities and Net Position	\$ 430,769,346	\$ 427,663,511

(Continued from prior page)

CENTENNIAL WATER AND SANITATION DISTRICT STATEMENTS OF REVENUES, EXPENSES AND CHANGES IN NET POSITION

FOR THE YEARS ENDED December 31, 2021 and 2020

	2021	2020
OPERATING REVENUE		
Water operations (pledged as security for revenue bonds)	\$ 31,702,738	\$ 33,061,066
Wastewater operations (pledged as security for revenue bonds)	13,076,330	12,033,862
Total Operating Revenue	44,779,068	45,094,928
OPERATING EXPENSES		
Water operations	14,646,250	14,549,027
Wastewater operations	4,792,826	4,572,374
Administrative and general	8,073,425	7,567,867
Noncapitalized major repair	1,634,109	881,405
Depreciation	6,520,401	6,461,405
Total Operating Expenses	35,667,011	34,032,078
Operating Income	9,112,057	11,062,850
NONOPERATING REVENUE		
Net investment income (loss)	(469,318)	3,542,514
Gain on disposal of equipment	23,431	1,288
Other income	1,229,952	171,987
Total Nonoperating Revenue	784,065	3,715,789
NONOPERATING EXPENSES		
Interest	5,160,591	3,762,647
Amortization / expense of bond issuance costs	(335,396)	-
Loss on disposal of equipment	-	268,130
Total Nonoperating Expenses	4,825,195	4,030,777
INCOME / (LOSS) BEFORE CONTRIBUTIONS	5,070,927	10,747,862
CAPITAL CONTRIBUTIONS		
Reserved capacity fees	3,792,726	3,284,998
CHANGE IN NET POSITION	8,863,653	14,032,860
NET POSITION - BEGINNING OF YEAR	273,390,442	259,357,582
NET POSITION - END OF YEAR	\$ 282,254,104	\$ 273,390,442
		-,,-

CENTENNIAL WATER AND SANITATION DISTRICT STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOWS

FOR THE YEARS ENDED

December 31, 2021 and 2020

		2021		2020
CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES	•	12 110 007	•	44 440 050
Receipts from customers and users	\$	43,440,996	\$	44,440,858
Payments to suppliers		(22,118,168)		(20,665,232)
Payments to employees		(7,034,034)		(6,926,452)
Net cash provided by operating activities		14,288,794		16,849,174
CASH FLOWS FROM CAPITAL AND RELATED FINANCING ACTIVITIES				
Capital contributions		5,022,678		3,386,868
Purchase of capital assets and investment in undivided interest		(12,670,436)		(46,156,810)
Proceeds from sale of assets		23,431	,	1,288
Proceeds from revenue bonds		862,086		10,304,455
Principal paid on capital debt		(7,173,465)		(7,565,486)
Interest paid on capital debt		(5,175,284)		(4,711,115)
Net cash provided (used) by capital and related financing activities		(19,110,990)		(44,740,800)
CASH FLOW FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES				
Interest and dividends received		1,326,601		3,662,635
Purchase of long-term investments		(25,060,243)		(37,870,326)
Maturity of long-term investments		32,902,414		47,645,369
Net cash provided (used) by investing activities		9,168,772		13,437,677
NET INCREASE (DECREASE) IN CASH EQUIVALENTS		4,346,576		(14,453,949)
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS BEGINNING OF YEAR		59,357,587		73,811,537
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS END OF YEAR (NOTE IIIA)		63,704,163		59,357,587
LONG TERM INVESTMENTS		60,088,537		69,989,839
TOTAL CASH DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS	\$	123,792,700	\$	129,347,426
Reconciliation of operating income to net cash provided by operating activities:		_		
Operating income	\$	9,112,057	\$	11,132,967
Adjustments to reconcile operating income to net cash provided by operating activities:				
Depreciation and amortization expense		6,520,401		6,461,405
(Increase) / decrease in accounts receivables		290,198		(278,357)
(Increase) / decrease in due from other governments		(1,628,270)		(445,830)
(Increase) / decrease in prepaid expenses		(12,429)		-
(Increase) / decrease in inventory		(9,827)		(16,808)
Increase / (decrease) in accounts payable		238,712		202,941
Increase / (decrease) in accrued payroll costs		(82,909)		(369,434)
Increase / (decrease) in retainages payable		(19,406)		(56,563)
Increase / (decrease) in deposits		(82,782)		122,334
Increase / (decrease) in compensated absences payable		(36,951)		96,519
Total adjustments		5,176,737		5,716,207
Net cash provided by operating activities	\$	14,288,794	\$	16,849,174
Noncash investing, capital and financing activities				
Increase (decrease) in fair value of investments	\$	(639,611)	\$	(922,510)

CENTENNIAL WATER AND SANITATION DISTRICT NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS DECEMBER 31, 2021

I. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

A) REPORTING ENTITY

Centennial Water and Sanitation District (the District), a quasi-municipal corporation, is governed pursuant to the provisions of the Colorado Special District Act. The District's service area is located in Douglas County, Colorado. The District was established to wholesale water and wastewater service to other governmental entities providing water and sanitation service within the service area.

The District follows the Governmental Accounting Standard Board (GASB) accounting pronouncements that provide guidance for determining which governmental activities, organizations and functions should be included within the reporting entity. GASB pronouncements set forth the financial accountability of a governmental organization's elected governing body as the basic criterion for including a possible component governmental organization in a primary government's legal entity. Financial accountability includes, but is not limited to, the appointment by the primary entity of a voting majority of the component organization's governing body, the ability of the primary entity to impose its will on the component organization, a potential for the component organization to provide specific financial benefits or burdens and fiscal dependency of the component organization.

The District provides services to other governmental entities, but is not financially accountable for any other entity including the Highlands Ranch Metropolitan District, Mirabelle Metropolitan District, and Northern Douglas County Water and Sanitation District, which have separately elected boards, nor is the District a component unit of any other governmental entity.

B) MEASUREMENT FOCUS, BASIS OF ACCOUNTING, AND FINANCIAL STATEMENT PRESENTATION

The accounting policies of the District conform to generally accepted accounting principles as applicable to governmental units accounted for as proprietary enterprise funds. The enterprise fund is used since the District's powers are related to those operated in a manner similar to a private utility system where fees and charges are designed to recover costs, including capital cost.

The District's records are maintained on the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting. Revenue is recognized when earned and expenses are recognized when the liability is incurred. Depreciation is computed and recorded as an operating expense, expenditures for property, plant and equipment are shown as increases in assets, and redemption of bonds is recorded as a reduction in liabilities. Capacity fees are recorded as capital contributions when received. The District distinguishes between operating revenues and expenses and nonoperating items. Operating revenues and expenses generally result from providing services and producing and delivering goods in connection with the District's principal ongoing business of providing water and wastewater service. The primary operating revenues are for charges to customers for sales and services. Operating expenses include the cost of sales and services, administrative expenses, and depreciation of assets. All revenues and expenses not meeting this definition are reported as non-operating revenues and expenses.

When both restricted and unrestricted resources are available for use, it is the District's practice to use restricted assets first, then unrestricted resources as they are needed.

CENTENNIAL WATER AND SANITATION DISTRICT NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS, continued

C) ASSETS, LIABILITIES AND NET POSITION

1) <u>Cash deposits and investments</u>

The District's cash and cash equivalents are short-term, highly liquid investments that are both readily convertible to known amounts of cash and so near their maturity, generally less than three months to maturity when purchased, that they present insignificant risk of changes in value because of changes in interest rates.

Investments are reported at fair value.

2) Inventory

Inventory, which includes water meters, is valued at the cost on the first-in, first-out basis.

3) Restricted Assets / Designated Assets

The District restricts the following: 1) capacity fees for the purpose of investing in water and wastewater facilities and improvements and for the payment of debt service; 2) proceeds from bond issues for original investment in or major repair and replacement of water and wastewater facilities and improvements, as specified by the bond resolutions; and 3) charges for services and other income designated for the purpose of meeting potential bond covenant requirements related to debt coverage.

In addition, the District designates a portion of its current operating assets for future major repair, replacement and renovation of its capital assets and the acquisition of surface water supplies. \$39,216,949 has been so designated as of December 31, 2021.

4) Capital Assets

The District defines capital assets as assets with an initial, individual cost of more than \$5,000 and an estimated useful life in excess of one year. The costs of maintenance and repairs that do not add to the value of the asset or materially extend asset lives are not capitalized. Property, plant and equipment are stated at cost except for those assets contributed, which are stated at the developer's cost, which approximates acquisition value at the date of contribution.

The cost of water rights includes acquisition cost, legal and engineering costs related to the development and augmentation of those rights. Since the rights have a perpetual life, they are not amortized. All other costs, including costs incurred for the protection of those rights, are expensed.

Depreciation expense has been computed using the straight-line method over the following estimated economic useful lives:

Water and wastewater treatment plants	40 years
Pump stations, structural reservoirs and lift stations	40 years
Water and wastewater infrastructure	40 years
Office building	40 years
Furniture and equipment	
(vehicles, office equipment, computer equipment etc.)	5-10 years
(process equipment)	10-20 years

CENTENNIAL WATER AND SANITATION DISTRICT NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS, continued

5) <u>Amortization</u>

Original Issue Premiums and Original Issue Discounts

Original issue premiums and discounts are deferred and are amortized using the effective interest method over the life of the respective bonds. Unamortized premiums and discounts adjust the face value of amounts reported as bonds payable.

Deferred Loss on Refunding

The deferred loss from a bond refunding is being amortized using the effective interest method over the shorter of the life of the defeased bonds or the new debt. The amortization amount is a component of interest expense and the unamortized cost is reflected as a deferred outflow of resources.

Prepaid Bond Insurance

The cost of insurance for a bond issue is being amortized using the interest method over the life of the bonds. The unamortized cost is reflected as a deferred outflow of resources.

6) <u>Compensated Absences</u>

The District has a policy that allows employees to accumulate unused vacation benefits up to a certain maximum number of hours. Accumulated unpaid vacation pay is accrued when earned by the employees.

7) <u>Postemployment benefits</u>

The District participates in the Colorado Employer Benefit Trust (CEBT) a multiple employer trust for public institutions providing employee benefits. CEBT covers approximately 17,000 employees and over 200 participating groups. The Trust is governed by a board of trustees made up of representatives from participating groups. The CEBT plan meets the definition of a community rated plan and therefore is not required to provide certain information.

A District employee with at least 15 years of service with the District and who has reached at least 50 years of age at retirement is eligible to continue on the District's health plans by paying the full premium amount and no subsidy of the premium is provided by the District. This benefit expires when the retiree reaches the age of 65, thereby making the maximum eligibility period 15 years. Four former employees are currently using this benefit.

Since the plan meets the definition of a community rated plan, the District's expense is strictly the annual contribution and there is no implicit rate subsidy. Therefore, no liability is reported in the financial statements for postemployment benefits.

8) <u>Capital Contributions</u>

Reserved Capacity Fees

Pursuant to intergovernmental agreements, the District receives payment from other governments for their license to use capacity in the total water and wastewater facilities of the District. Such fees are not user fees and thus are reflected as capital contributions.

9) Source of Supply / Water Transfer

The District has recorded the computed value of certain water rights, facilities and easements transferred to it by the developer of Highlands Ranch (Note IV.D). The agreement for the transfer requires repayments to Shea Homes only if capacity fees are collected from governmental entities other than the Highlands Ranch Metropolitan District and Mirabelle Metropolitan District. The

CENTENNIAL WATER AND SANITATION DISTRICT NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS, continued

repayments, as more fully described in Note IV.D) 2) have reduced the original contribution amount of \$32,500,000. Capacity fees collected for services provided outside of Highlands Ranch and paid to Shea Homes are reflected as distributions of capital contributions.

II. STEWARDSHIP, COMPLIANCE AND ACCOUNTABILITY

A) BUDGETS

Budgets are adopted on a non-GAAP basis of accounting. The appropriation is at the total fund expenditures level and lapses at year-end for operating and debt service expenditures. Appropriations for capital projects are continuing appropriations on a project-by-project basis and extend until the District's Board of Directors rescinds any unexpended appropriation. Expenditures may not legally exceed appropriations as described above.

In accordance with the State Budget Law, the District's Board of Directors holds public hearings in the fall each year to approve the budget and appropriate the funds for the ensuing year. The Board of Directors can only amend appropriation resolutions upon completion of notification and publication requirements. The appointed management of the District can transfer between line items within the fund level appropriation without notice.

B) TAX, SPENDING AND REVENUE LIMITATIONS

In 1992, Colorado voters approved the Taxpayer's Bill of Rights (TABOR), which added a new Section 20 to Article X of the Colorado Constitution. TABOR contains tax, spending, revenue and debt limitations that apply to the State of Colorado and all local governments.

TABOR is complex and currently subject to interpretation. Numerous lawsuits against other entities in the State have been filed regarding election question wording and procedures. Future implementation will depend upon litigation and legislative guidance.

TABOR generally requires voter approval for any new tax, tax increases and new debt. Even though management believes that the District is an "Enterprise" as defined under TABOR and, therefore, is exempt from the provisions of TABOR, the District conducted an election in 1992, and in compliance with TABOR approved (1) increased revenues and spending to comply with intergovernmental agreements between the District and Highlands Ranch Metropolitan District; (2) preserved the then existing \$280,000,000 debt authorization; (3) authorized refunding of District debt at higher or lower interest rates than the rate on the refunded debt; and (4) authorized other multiple-year debt or financial obligations including revenue bonds.

III. DETAILED NOTES

A) CASH DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS

The District maintains a cash and investment pool that is displayed on the statement of net position as "Cash deposits and investments". It is the intent of the District to diversify the investments within its portfolio to avoid incurring unreasonable risks inherent in over-investing in specific instruments, individual financial institutions, corporations, or maturities.

A reconciliation of cash and investments on Statements of Net Position as of December 31 is as follows:

			Decemb	er 3	1,		
	 20)21			2020		
Cash on hand		\$	400			\$	400
Cash deposits			1,087,375				927,394
Investments							
Held in safekeeping	\$ 60,088,537			\$	69,989,839		
Chatfield Reallocation Project Escrow	349,947				9,628		
Local government investment pools	62,255,860				58,409,591		
Money market mutual fund	 10,582		122,704,926		10,576		128,419,632
Total Cash Deposits and Investments		\$	123,792,700			\$	129,347,427

Cash deposits and investments are presented in the Statement of Net Position as follows:

·	December 31,				
	2021		2020		
Cash deposits and investments - unrestricted Cash deposits and investments - restricted	\$ 65,918,706 57,873,994	\$	62,648,105 66,699,623		
Total Cash Deposits and Investments	 123,792,700		129,347,727		

Cash Deposits

The Colorado Public Deposit Protection Act (PDPA) requires that all units of local government deposit cash in eligible public depositories. Amounts on deposit in excess of federal insurance levels must be collateralized. The eligible collateral is determined by the PDPA. PDPA allows the institution to create a single collateral pool for all public funds. The pool for all the uninsured public deposits as a group is to be maintained by another institution or held in trust. The market value of the collateral must be at least 102% of the aggregate uninsured deposits. Deposits covered by PDPA are not subject to custodial credit risk. The State Regulatory Commission for banks is required by statute to monitor the naming of eligible depositories and reporting of the uninsured deposits and assets maintained in the collateral pools. As of December 31, 2021, \$1,087,375 of the bank balance for the cash deposits were collateralized pursuant to PDPA.

Investments

Colorado State Statutes specify investment instruments meeting defined risk criteria in which units of local government may invest. The District has adopted an investment policy that is more restrictive than the State Statutes and is limited to:

- 1. U.S. Treasury Obligations: Treasury Bills, Treasury Notes, and Treasury Bonds with a final maturity not exceeding five years from the date of purchase and U.S. Treasury Strips with maturities not exceeding five years from the date of purchase.
- 2. Federal Instrumentality Securities: Debentures, discount notes, and callable securities with a final maturity not exceeding five years from the date of purchase issued by the following: Federal National Mortgage Association (FNMA), Federal Farm Credit Bank (FFCB), Federal Home Loan Bank (FHLB), Federal Home Loan Mortgage Corporation (FHLMC), and Student Loan Marketing Association (SLMA).
- 3. Corporate Debt: debt issued by any corporation or bank organized and operating within the United States with a maturity not exceeding three years from the date of trade settlement. The debt must be rated at least AA- or the equivalent at the time of purchase by at least two NRSROs, and rated

- not less by any NRSRO that rates it. The District shall limit investments in Corporate Debt to no more than 25 percent of the total portfolio and 5 percent per issuer.
- 4. Repurchase Agreements, executed subject to an approved Master Purchase Agreement, with a termination date of 90 days or less collateralized by U.S. Treasury Securities listed in 1 above with maturities not exceeding ten years.
- 5. Prime Commercial Paper with an original maturity of 270 days or less which is rated at least A-1 by Standard & Poors or P-1 by Moody's at the time of purchase by each service which rates the commercial paper.
- 6. Eligible Bankers Acceptances with original maturities not exceeding 180 days, issued on domestic banks whose senior long-term debt is similar to 4 above; have a combined capital and surplus of at least \$250,000,000; and have deposits insured by the FDIC.
- 7. Local Government Investment Pools authorized under CRS 24-75-702.
- 8. Money Market Mutual funds which have a rating of AAA by Standard and Poors or AAAm by Moody's.

The District investments at December 31, 2021 and 2020 and the maturities were as follows:

÷		December 31, 2021 Investment Maturities (in Years)												
	Moody	One to five years												
Investments held in safekeeping	Rating	Less than 1		Callable 2022		Noncallable		Total						
US Treasury securities	Aaa	\$	2,715,911	\$	-	\$	19,987,259	\$	22,703,170					
US Agency securities	Aaa		1,009,500		539,276		12,517,716		14,066,492					
Commercial paper	P-1		-		-		-		-					
Supra-national notes	Aaa		405,888				8,783,473		9,189,361					
Corporate debt	Aa3		575,493		1,019,562		-		1,595,055					
Certificate of Deposit	P-1		854,576		-		-		854,576					
Municipals	Aa2		559,152		-		11,120,731		11,679,883					
		\$	6,120,520	\$	1,558,838	\$	52,409,180	\$	60,088,537					

					Decembe	er 31,	2020						
				Inv	estment Mar	turitie	es (in Years)						
	Moody	One to five years											
Investments held in safekeeping	Rating	Less than I		Callable 2021		Noncallable			Total				
US Treasury securities	Aaa	\$	3,010,447	\$	-	\$	14,325,317	\$	17,335,764				
US Agency securities	Aaa		2,622,908		-		22,300,278		24,923,185				
Commercial paper	P-1		-		-		-		-				
Supra-national notes	Aaa						5,379,352		5,379,352				
Corporate debt	Aa3		623,181		770,577		2,951,732		4,345,490				
Certificate of Deposit	P-1		3,505,547		-		2,674,702		6,180,249				
Municipals	Aa2		459,618		-		11,366,179		11,825,798				
		\$	10,221,701	\$	770,577	\$	58,997,561	\$	69,989,839				

As of December 31, 2021, the District had invested \$62,255,860 in the Colorado Local Government Liquid Asset Trust ("CSIP"), an investment vehicle established for local government entities in Colorado to pool surplus funds and as of December 31, 2020 had invested \$58,409,591. The State Securities Commissioner administers and enforces all state statutes governing the Trust. CSIP operates similarly to a money market fund and each share is equal in value to \$1.00. CSIP is rated AAAm by Standard and Poor's. Investments of CSIP are limited to those allowed by State statutes. A designated custodial bank serves as custodian for the Trust's portfolios pursuant to a custodian agreement. The custodian acts as safekeeping agent for the Trust's investment portfolios and provides services as the depository in connection with direct investments and withdrawals. Substantially all securities owned are held by the Federal Reserve Bank in the account

maintained for the custodial bank. The custodian's internal records identify the investments owned by the participating governments.

The District has executed a safekeeping agreement with a financial institution that provides for the financial institution to act in a custodial capacity. The custodian holds investments acquired by the District in a Federal Reserve custodial account. The investments in this account are not available to the general creditors of the custodian. Ownership of the securities by the District is maintained in the custodian's internal accounting records.

The District categorizes its fair value measurements within the fair value hierarchy established by generally accepted accounting principles. The hierarchy is based on the valuation inputs used to measure the fair value of the asset. Level 1 inputs are quoted prices in active markets for identical assets; level 2 inputs are significant other observable inputs; and level 3 inputs are significant unobservable inputs. All of the annuity's investments are measured at fair value using level 1 inputs.

Concentration of Credit Risk – State statutes do not limit the amount the District may invest in one issuer. At December 31, 2021 the District maintained investments in excess of 5% in the following issuers:

	% of portfolio
Money Market Fund - CSIP	48.48%
US Treasury securities	18.56%
Supra-National Notes	7.51%
Municipal bonds (aggregate-no issuer exceeds 5%)	9.55%

Cash deposits and investments are reflected as of December 31 Statements of Net Position and Statement of Cash Flows as follows:

	December 31,					
	2021	2020				
Cash deposits and investments - unrestricted Cash deposits and investments - restricted	\$ 65,918,706 57,873,994	\$ 62,648,105 66,699,623				
Total Cash Deposits and Investments	123,792,700	129,347,727				
Less long-term investments	60,088,537	69,989,839				
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 63,704,163	\$ 59,357,888				

B) CAPITAL ASSETS

Capital asset activity for the years ended December 31, 2021 and 2020 was as follows:

CENTENNIAL WATER AND SANITATION DISTRICT CHANGE IN CAPITAL ASSETS

	Balance at January 1, 2021		Increases	Decreases		Balance at ecember 31, 2021
Capital assets not being depreciated:	- ,					
Water rights	\$ 40,532,735	\$	-	\$ -	\$	40,532,735
Construction in progress	122,889,048		14,118,955	2,550,523		134,457,480
Total capital assets not being depreciated	163,421,783		14,118,955	2,550,523		174,990,215
Capital assets being depreciated:						
Buildings	2,353,338		-	-		2,353,338
Treatment system						
Water						
Source of supply	23,683,377		-	-		23,683,377
Storage reservoirs - treated water	14,808,733		-	-		14,808,733
Storage reservoirs - raw water	51,083,366		-	-		51,083,366
Treatment plant - water	32,141,378		· ·	-		32,141,378
Pump stations	17,014,196		-	-		17,014,196
Wastewater						
Treatment plant - wastewater	39,527,804		-	-		39,527,804
Lift stations	2,039,744		-	-		2,039,744
Infrastructure						
Transmission and distribution	67,490,044		-	-		67,490,044
Collection and transmission	17,781,084		584,726	-		18,365,810
Machinery and equipment	17,162,016		2,184,949	97,500		19,249,465
Total capital assets being depreciated	285,085,080		2,769,675	97,500		287,757,255
Less accumulated depreciation for:						
Buildings	2,122,765		47,765			2,170,530
Treatment system	106,498,348		1,747,781			108,246,129
Machinery and equipment	50,245,066		4,724,853	97,500		54,872,419
Total accumulated depreciation	 158,866,179		6,520,398	97,500		165,289,077
Total capital assets being depreciated, net	126,218,902		(3,750,723)			122,468,178
Capital assets, net	\$ 289,640,685	\$	10,368,232	2,550,523	\$	297,458,392
			Less outstan	ding capital debt	((140,757,102)
		Plus	deferred amou	unt on refunding		216,899
		1	Net investment	t in capital assets		156,918,190

CENTENNIAL WATER AND SANITATION DISTRICT CHANGE IN CAPITAL ASSETS

	Balance at						Balance at
	January I,					D	ecember 31,
	2020		Increases	De	creases		2020
Capital assets not being depreciated:							
Water rights	\$ 40,532,735	\$	-	\$	-	\$	40,532,735
Construction in progress	83,727,658		39,876,743		715,353		122,889,048
Total capital assets not being depreciated	124,260,393		39,876,743		715,353		163,421,783
Capital assets being depreciated:							
Buildings	2,353,338		-		-		2,353,338
Treatment system							
Water							
Source of supply	23,683,377		-		_		23,683,377
Storage reservoirs - treated water	14,808,733		-		-		14,808,733
Storage reservoirs - raw water	51,083,366		-		-		51,083,366
Treatment plant - water	32,141,378		-		-		32,141,378
Pump stations	17,014,196		_		-		17,014,196
Wastewater							
Treatment plant - wastewater	39,339,971		187,833		-		39,527,804
Lift stations	2,039,744		-		-		2,039,744
Infrastructure							
Transmission and distribution	67,490,044		-		-		67,490,044
Collection and transmission	17,781,084		-		-		17,781,084
Machinery and equipment	16,714,862		527,520		80,366		17,162,016
Total capital assets being depreciated	 284,450,093		715,353		80,366		285,085,080
Less accumulated depreciation for:							
Buildings	2,075,001		47,765				2,122,765
Treatment system	100,790,200		5,708,148				106,498,348
Machinery and equipment	49,619,940		705,492		80,366		50,245,066
Total accumulated depreciation	 152,485,140		6,461,405		80,366		158,866,179
Total capital assets being depreciated, net	 131,964,954		(5,746,052)		<u> </u>		126,218,901
Capital assets, net	\$ 256,225,347	\$	34,130,691		715,353	\$	289,640,684
			Less outstan	ding ca	pital debt	((147,609,196)
		Plus	deferred amo	unt on r	efunding		422,218
		1	Net investment	in capi	tal assets		142,453,705

C) LONG-TERM DEBT

The District has issued long term debt for the purposes of financing the construction of infrastructure including treatment facilities necessary to provide for the operations. Following are summaries of the District's long-term debt as of December 31, 2021 and 2020 and its 2021 and 2020 transactions:

	 Balance 12/31/2020	 Additions	R	eductions	 Balance 12/31/2021	Due in 2022
Revenue Bonds Payable Compensated absences	\$ 147,609,196 394,635	\$ 862,085	\$	7,714,179 (36,951)	\$ 140,757,102 357,684	\$ 7,683,356 40,510
Long-term Liabilities	\$ 148,003,831	\$ 862,085	\$	7,677,228	\$ 141,114,786	\$ 7,723,865

	Balance 12/31/2019		Additions		Reductions		Balance 12/31/2020	Due in 2 021		
Revenue Bonds Payable Compensated absences	\$ 144,870,234 298,116	\$	10,304,455 96,519	\$	7,565,493 -	\$	147,609,196 394,635	\$	7,173,465 39,330	
Long-term Liabilities	\$ 145,168,350	\$	10,400,974	\$	7,565,493	\$	148,003,831	\$	7,212,795	

The District's bonds payable as of December 31, 2021 and 2020 its 2021 and 2020 debt transactions are shown in more detail below:

	Balance at January 1, 2021	New Issues/ Refundings	Payments/ Amortization	Balance at December 31, 2021	Current Portion Due 2022
REVENUE BONDS PAYABLE	2			-	
Series 2012 A and B	21,915,000	-	6,360,000	15,555,000	6,495,000
Series 2019	64,355,000	-	-	64,355,000	-
CWCB Loan (2055)	36,783,945	-	813,465	35,970,480	837,869
CWCB Loan (2056)	9,587,573	812,795	-	10,400,368	245,847
CWCB Loan (2053)	4,929,000	49,290	-	4,978,290	104,640
	137,570,518	862,085	7,173,465	131,259,138	\$ 7,683,356
Original issue premium	10,038,678	-	540,714	9,497,964	
	147,609,196	\$ 862,085	\$ 7,714,179	140,757,102	
Current portion	7,173,465			7,683,356	
Long term portion	140,435,731			\$ 133,073,746	

		Balance at			Balance at	Current
		January 1,	New Issues/	Payments/	December 31,	Portion
		2020	Refundings	Amortization	2020	Due 2021
REVENUE BONDS PAYAB	LE					
Series 2012 A and B	\$	28,150,000	-	6,235,000	21,915,000	6,360,000
Series 2019		64,355,000	-	-	64,355,000	•
CWCB Loan (2055)		37,573,717	-	789,772	36,783,945	813,465
CWCB Loan (2056)		4,212,118	5,375,455	-	9,587,573	
CWCB Loan (2053)		-	4,929,000	-	4,929,000	į
		134,290,835	10,304,455	7,024,772	137,570,518	\$ 7,173,465
Original issue premium		10,579,399	-	540,721	10,038,678	
Original issue discount			-	-	-	
		144,870,234	\$ 10,304,455	\$ 7,565,493	147,609,196	
Current portion		7,024,772			7,173,465	
Long term portion	\$	137,845,462			\$ 140,435,731	

REVENUE BONDS PAYABLE

The bonds are payable solely from net operating revenues, defined as:

- recurring revenues, which includes all income received from the operation of the District facilities
 including rates, fees, tolls and charges, interest income and other operating income but excludes
 capacity fees.
- less normal operations and maintenance expenses not including non-capitalized major repair expenses paid from major repair reserves, depreciation and amortization of bond issuance expenses. During the year ended December 31, 2021, \$15,272,113 of net operating revenues, as defined by the various bond covenants, was generated to make debt service principal and interest payments of \$12,276,601.

The outstanding bond issues are summarized as follows:

- The Series 2012 A Water and Sewer Revenue Tax-Exempt Refunding and Improvement Note dated December 1, 2012, in the amount of \$30,490,000 is a tax exempt loan due in varying increasing amounts annually through 2024. Interest is at fixed rates of 2.09% payable semi-annually June 1 and December 1.
- The Series 2012 B Taxable Water and Sewer Revenue Refunding Note (Taxable Convertible to Tax-Exempt) dated December 1, 2012, in the amount of \$18,750,000 is due in varying increasing amounts annually through 2023. Interest was initially at a taxable fixed rate of 3.01% payable semi-annually June 1 and December 1. The Note converted to tax-exempt status on September 3, 2014 at a new rate of 1.96%.
- The Series 2020 Water and Wastewater Revenue Bonds dated January 24, 2020 in the amount of \$64,355,000 are serial bonds due in varying increasing amounts annually through 2048. Interest is a fixed rates ranging from 4.00% to 5.25% payable semi-annually June 1 and December 1.

Principal and interest on the bonds payable portion of long-term debt (excluding lease-purchase obligations) mature as follows:

	 Principal		Interest		Total
2022	\$ \$ 7,683,356		\$ 5,073,310		12,756,666
2023	7,844,006		4,905,307		12,749,313
2024	5,060,726		4,733,687		9,794,413
2025	2,728,548	_	4,576,869		7,305,417
2026	2,837,505		4,466,413		7,303,918
2027-2031	16,019,024		20,502,562		36,521,586
2032-2036	19,588,958		16,932,878		36,521,836
2037-2041	23,814,436		12,707,350		36,521,786
2042-2046	29,185,011		7,344,025		36,529,036
2047-2051	16,497,569		1,190,886		17,688,454
	\$ 131,259,138	\$	82,433,288	\$	213,692,426

In 2015 the Board authorized additional debt in order to fund the Chatfield Reallocation Project. The Colorado Water Conservation Board ("CWCB") approved three loan contracts with the District in the maximum amount of \$44,400,000. The loans are similar to construction loans and proceeds will be disbursed to match the phased funding of the project. The contracts require that the District contribute at least 10 percent of the project cost which for the purpose of the CWCB loan approval is estimated at \$48,888,000. All three loan contracts closed on October 15, 2015. The District's 10 percent match was deposited into an escrow account at the time of closing. Draws began in 2017. In 2018, the Board authorized an increase in the loan amount of \$9,046,267 for a maximum amount of \$53,446,267 to cover the increased cost of construction based on bids received. As of December 31, 2021 all three loans were fully drawn.

LEASES PAYABLE

The District does not currently have any lease-purchase obligations.

OTHER DEBT INFORMATION

On November 3, 1992, a majority of the qualified electors of the District authorized the issuance of indebtedness in an amount not to exceed \$280,000,000 of which \$168,420,000 remains authorized but unissued. The District currently has no intention of issuing any general obligation debt but may issue revenue obligations.

D) INTERGOVERNMENTAL RECEIVABLES AND PAYABLES

The following schedule reflects the District's net receivables as of December 31 from other governmental entities:

	Decen	ber (31,
	2021		2020
Highlands Ranch Metropolitan District	\$ 3,958,314	\$	2,330,045

These receivables from other governmental entities are classified as due from other governments on the statements of net position.

E) LEASE AGREEMENTS

In June 2017, the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) issued Statement No. 87, Leases, which modifies accounting and financial reporting for leases by governments. This statement requires recognition of certain lease assets and liabilities for leases that previously were classified as operating leases and recognized as inflows of resources or outflows of resources based on the payment provisions of the contract. It establishes a single model for lease accounting based on the foundational principle that leases are financings of the right to use an underlying asset. Under this statement, a lessee is required to recognize a lease liability and an intangible right-to-use lease asset, and a lessor is required to recognize a lease receivable and a deferred inflow of resources.

The District has entered into multiple lease agreements with cellular providers which allows those providers to install and maintain cellular towers on District land. Each lease has a term of five years with four additional terms of five years each (25 years). Under GASB 87, the lease term is the period which a lessee has a noncancelable right to use the underlying asset, plus the following periods, if reasonably certain of being exercised. The District's lease agreements stipulate that the term renew automatically unless the lessee notifies the lessor the intent to not renew. For measurement purposes the District has concluded that, under GASB 87, the lease receivable should be recognized for the entirety of the lease term, including renewal periods.

The District entered into a lease agreement with the Highlands Ranch Metro District for use of office spaces in the District's office building. The initial term was from April 22, 1998 through December 31, 2003. Subsequent to this initial period, the lease may be renewed for additional one-year periods on a calendar basis with the consent of both parties. Currently the Districts have agreed to a rent schedule through December 31, 2025, with the anticipation the agreement will continue beyond 2025. For the purposes of financial reporting, each District is reporting the agreed upon lease schedule through December 31, 2025.

The District received \$181,645 and \$60,615 in principal and interest payments, respectively. Schedule of net minimum lease payments as of December 31, 2021 are as follows:

		Principal		Interest		Payment
2022	\$	182,780	\$	51,244	\$	234,025
2023		197,578		41,836		239,413
2024		210,671		31,688		242,359
2025		158,276		20,832		179,108
2026		37,351		13,065		50,416
2027-2031		129,417		51,399		180,816
2032-2036		154,181		31,819		186,000
2037-2041		114,559		6,941		121,500
•	2	1 184 814	2	248 824	2	1 433 637

IV OTHER INFORMATION

A) DEFINED CONTRIBUTION PENSION PLAN

All regular employees of the District participate in the Highlands Ranch Special Districts' Employees Retirement Plan (the "Plan"). The Plan is a defined contribution plan established through an interdistrict agreement with Highlands Ranch Metropolitan District forming the Highlands Ranch Special Districts' Employees Retirement Association which is governed by a retirement board comprised of the Treasurer of Highlands Ranch Metropolitan District, two citizens appointed by the Highlands Ranch Board and the District Board and two employee representatives elected at large, however both of the participating districts must be represented. The Retirement Board may recommend changes to the plans as well as the contribution amounts. The member Districts boards of directors must approve any changes recommended by the Retirement Association. The Retirement Association administers the Plan through the Principal Financial Group, Inc. No audited GAAP basis reports are prepared.

At December 31, 2021 there were 190 active plan members comprised of 100 full and part-time members employed by the District and 90 full and part-time members employed by Highlands Ranch Metro District. In a defined contribution plan, benefits depend solely on amounts contributed to the plan plus investment earnings. Employees become Plan members upon employment as regular full time employees. Under the Plan, 6.2% of the Plan members pensionable compensation is withheld and remitted to the Plan Administrator. The members are immediately invested in their contribution plus earnings. The District contributes a matching payment of 6.2% of Plan members' pensionable compensation. The District's contributions plus earnings become fully vested to the Plan members upon the completion of three years of Plan membership.

District contributions for Plan members who leave employment before they are fully vested are used to reduce the District's benefit obligations or to pay plan related expenses. There is no liability for benefits under the Plan beyond the District's matching payments.

Contributions actually made by Plan members and the District for the years ended December 31 are as follows:

		
	<u> 2021</u>	<u>2020</u>
Employer	\$ 389,565	\$ 395,983
Employee	403,065	402,883

The District's contributions are shown net of forfeitures (if any) which results in the difference in contributions between the employer and employee.

B) DEFERRED COMPENSATION PLAN

The District currently offers to its employees a deferred compensation plan created in accordance with Internal Revenue Code Section 457 administered by Principal Financial Group, Inc. Participation in the plan is optional for all employees. The District does provide a match for up to 4% of wages. The matching structure is 100% on the first 2% of employee contributions and 50% on employee contributions in excess of 2% up to a maximum of 4%. The plan allows employees to defer a portion of their salary until future years. All amounts deferred are held in trust for the exclusive benefit of participating employees.

C) BOARD OF DIRECTORS

The Board of Directors is elected for staggered four-year terms. In addition, all of the District's Board of Directors are employees of Shea Homes/Properties ("Shea"), the developer of Highlands Ranch.

D) COMMITMENTS AND CONTINGENCIES

1) Intergovernmental Agreements

The District has entered into water and wastewater service agreements with the Highlands Ranch Metropolitan District ("Metro District"). The agreement provides for the District to provide potable water and wastewater treatment services to areas included within the Metro District in exchange for the payment to the District of capacity fees. In addition, the Metro District has elected to pay the District to provide total service to it. Total service includes operation and maintenance of the Metro District facilities as well as billing the respective customers of the Metro District. The agreement expires in 2030.

The District has also entered into a water and wastewater service agreement with Highlands Ranch Metropolitan District No. 5, which changed its name in 2016 to Mirabelle Metropolitan District. Mirabelle began construction in 2020 with the first homes being completed in 2021. At buildout, the community will have 1,100 single family homes.

Northern Douglas County Water and Sanitation District (Northern) is provided service under an extended service area agreement providing wholesale water and wastewater service to the district directly, not to individual customers. Northern is only guaranteed service for the number of taps and at the specific locations for which it has acquired capacity. Northern may purchase options to acquire future capacity. As of December 31, 2021, Northern has options paid that have not been exercised yet.

The District has entered into an agreement with the Metro District wherein the cost related to the employment of certain management, administrative and engineering personnel employed by either the District or the Metro District and the cost of office supplies and other materials necessary for them to function would be shared with each of the respective districts entering into the agreement. The cost of these services is determined annually as part of the budget process and is reimbursed monthly.

Related to the agreement the District rents a portion of the District's office building to the Metro District. The income generated in 2021 from the lease was \$191,100. The building has an original cost of \$2,330,997 with a carrying value of \$153,739.

2) Water Transfer Agreement

The District has entered into an agreement with Shea Homes wherein the District was conveyed an interest in certain water rights and associated water facilities and easements (the value of which are included under Property, Plant and Equipment as Source of Supply) and the rights under agreements with the City of Englewood.

Payment by the District to Shea for the water rights and associated water facilities and easements that were conveyed is entirely dependent upon the sale of water taps to customers located outside the Highlands Ranch development area ("Extended Service Area"), if any. No payment is required for taps sold to service the Highlands Ranch development area. The payment to Shea was last adjusted effective January 1, 2018 and is subject to additional increase adjustments in five-year increments. To date payment has been remitted to Shea for 2,148 taps. The 2021 fee of \$13,950 per tap, subject to the 5 year adjustment, will be paid to the extent that the next 7,352 taps are sold. No payment for any taps provided beyond 9,500 taps is required.

The maximum total compensation if all remaining taps are sold is \$102,559,842 at the rates in effect as of December 31, 2021. The District is not required to sell such taps unless it determines that it is feasible to do so. Therefore, total compensation under the agreement based on the current approvals by the District will be less than \$112,758,587. Cumulative payments under the agreement are \$10,198,745 through December 31, 2021.

3) Water Supply Agreements

In addition to a significant permanent water portfolio, the District has entered into numerous water supply agreements of both a long-term (greater than one-year) and short-term (designed and have been exercised longer than one-year but are cancellable with various notice periods in one year or less) nature.

The long term agreements are subject to the following terms:

- a. The rights and obligations assumed from Shea by the District under the City of Englewood contracts include:
 - 1) a "take or pay" minimum annual payment schedule;
 - 2) annual deliveries from Englewood's Ranch Creek system;
 - 3) the use of storage space in Englewood's McLellan Reservoir;
 - 4) the exclusive use of water which is surplus to Englewood's needs.

The initial contract period was for the 20-year period from 1981 to 2000 with four additional 20-year renewal periods at the option of the District. The District exercised the first option and then renegotiated the contract in 2003. The renegotiated contract provides for the purchase of all water that is surplus to Englewood's needs, as well as lease capacity in certain water conveyance and storage facilities. Lease payments are fixed amounts based on calendar periods, subject to annual CPI adjustment. The pricing structure of the water purchases is tied to Englewood's delivery performance. Centennial also agreed to purchase provisions regarding certain water from Englewood's Ranch Creek delivery system. Initial term of agreement is a 20-year period from 2003 to 2022 with four additional 20-year renewal periods at the option of the District.

- b. In 1994 the District entered into an agreement with the Board of Water Commissioners of the City and County of Denver ("Denver Water Board") to acquire 1,000 acre feet of water annually. The agreement provides for minimum annual payments on a take or pay basis of 85% of the acquired acre-feet of water at the then current rate.
- c. In 2003, the District entered into an agreement with the Center of Colorado Water Conservancy District (CCWCD). The CCWCD agreement leases to the District 5/7ths of the yield of two water rights for 50 years, with a 50 year renewal option. The cost to the District is 6/7ths of the expenses related to the water rights acquisition, related permitting and water court processing expenses.

The two water rights are the Randall Ditch and Sessions Ditch, both which divert from Michigan Creek, a tributary to the South Platte River. The anticipated "wet year" yield of both water rights is 700 acre-feet annually. CCWCD will receive the first 200 acre-feet and the District receives the remainder. The District owns approximately 200 acre feet of storage in fee. Delivery under the project required the construction of a new water storage reservoir that was completed in 2009.

The supply and the costs associated with each of the long-term agreements for 2021 through 2022 can be summarized as follows:

	2020		20)21	20)22	
	Consumption		Minimum	Obligation	Minimum Obligation		
	Acre Fee	\$	Acre Feet	\$	Acre Feet	\$	
Long Term*							
a) City of Englewood	5,167	\$ 2,605,908	5,520	\$ 2,668,007	5,520	\$ 2,668,007	
b) Denver Water Board	1,006	394,012	1,000	\$ 391,020	1,000	\$ 391,020	
c) CCWCD/Bargas Ranch	639	31,504	200	\$ 25,332	200	\$ 25,332	

4) Construction commitments

As of December 31, 2021, unexpended appropriations for capital projects and water acquisition amounted to approximately \$45,790,851.

E) RISK MANAGEMENT

The District is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts, thefts of, damage to, or destruction of assets; errors or omissions; injuries to employees, or acts of God.

The District is a member of the Colorado Special Districts Property and Liability Pool (Pool) as of December 31, 2021. The Pool is an organization created by intergovernmental agreement to provide property, liability, public official's liability, boiler and machinery and workers compensation coverage to its members. The pool provides:

- coverage for property claims up to \$100,000,000
- liability coverage for claims up to \$1,000,000.
- Workers compensation claims are covered up to statutory limits, with claims related to employer's liability up to \$2,000,000.

Settled claims have not exceeded coverage in any of the past three fiscal years.

The District pays annual premiums to the Pool for liability, property and public officials. In the event aggregated losses incurred by the Pool exceed amounts recoverable from reinsurance contracts and funds accumulated by the Pool, the Pool may require additional contributions from the Pool members. Any excess funds that the Pool determines are not needed for purposes of the Pool may be returned to the members pursuant to a distribution formula.

CENTENNIAL WATER AND SANITATION DISTRICT SCHEDULE OF REVENUE, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUNDS AVAILABLE BUDGETARY BASIS - BUDGET TO ACTUAL FOR THE YEAR ENDED

December 31, 2021

	Original Budget	Revised Budget	2021 Actual	Variance from final budget - Favorable (Unfavorable)
REVENUES AND OTHER RECEIPTS				
OPERATING				
Water operations	\$ 24,679,880	\$ 24,679,880	\$ 30,418,273	\$ 5,738,393
Wastewater operations	10,076,000	10,076,000	13,076,330	3,000,330
Other operating	1,702,690	1,702,690	1,284,466	(418,224)
MOMORED ATIME LOTHER RECEIPTS	36,458,570	36,458,570	44,779,069	8,320,499
NONOPERATING and OTHER RECEIPTS Net investment income	733,000	733,000	(469,318)	(1,202,318)
Proceeds from bond issuance	733,000	755,000	862,086	862,086
Capital contributions	5,537,280	5,537,280	3,792,726	(1,744,554)
Other income (including cash from sale of equipment)	315,000	315,000	1,253,383	938,383
	6,585,280	6,585,280	5,438,877	(1,146,403)
Total Revenue and Other Receipts	43,043,850	43,043,850	50,217,946	7,174,096
EXPENDITURES and OTHER OUTLAYS OPERATING				,
Water operations	13,422,180	12,524,443	14,646,250	(2,121,807)
Wastewater operations	5,324,673	4,977,734	4,792,826	184,908
Administrative and general technical	7,174,212	6,841,461	8,073,425	(1,231,964)
Miscellaneous capital				
Capital outlay	941,430	903,845	1,853,262	(949,417)
	26,862,495	25,247,483	29,365,763	(4,118,280)
NONOPERATING				
Debt Service				
Interest paid on bonds	1,149,000	1,149,000	5,175,284	(4,026,284)
Principal paid on bonds	5,695,000	5,695,000	7,173,465	(1,478,465)
All other funds / capital related				
Capital improvement projects	29,888,866	16,484,229	13,037,809	3,446,420
Water acquisition	955,346	48,845,287	634,975	48,210,312
Major repair projects	927,000	1,847,046	446,171	1,400,874
Bond issuance expenditures	36,290	36,290	-	36,290
	38,651,502	74,056,852	26,467,704	47,589,148
Total Expenses	65,513,997	99,304,335	55,833,467	43,470,868
EXCESS REVENUE OVER (UNDER)				
EXPENSES (BUDGETARY BASIS)	(22,470,147)	(56,260,485)	(5,615,521)	50,644,964
FUNDS AVAILABLE - BEGINNING OF YEAR	84,235,015	89,821,999	131,419,985	41,597,986
FUNDS AVAILABLE - END OF PERIOD	\$ 61,764,868	\$ 33,561,514	\$ 125,804,471	\$ 92,242,950

CENTENNIAL WATER AND SANITATION DISTRICT BUDGET RECONCILIATION FOR THE YEAR ENDED

BUDGETARY FUNDS AVAILABLE AT DECEMBER 31, 2021 IS COMPUTED AS FOLLOWS

	Restricted					
	De	ebt Service	Ca	pital Projects	Operating	Combined
Current assets	\$	14,086,722	\$	43,804,196	\$ 74,018,323	\$ 131,909,241
Liabilities payable from current assets		(8,151,912)		(3,601,711)	(2,185,885)	(13,939,508)
Net current assets per financial statements		5,934,810		40,202,485	71,832,438	117,969,733
Budget adjustments:						
Accrued interest payable		468,556		-	-	468,556
Long term compensated absences		-		-	(317,174)	(317,174)
Current portion of bonds payable		7,683,356		-	•	7,683,356
Funds available at December 31, 2021	\$	14,086,722	\$	40,202,485	\$ 71,515,264	\$ 125,804,471

RECONCILIATION FROM BUDGETARY BASIS TO GAAP BASIS OF ACCOUNTING

RECONCIENTION I ROM DEDGETART DADIS TO GAME BASIS OF ACCOUNT	HIV	
REVENUE (Budgetary basis) Less:	\$	50,217,946
Capital contributions		(3,792,726)
Proceeds from bond issuance		(862,086)
REVENUE (GAAP basis)		45,563,133
EXPENDITURES (Budgetary basis)		55,833,467
Plus:		
Depreciation		6,520,401
Amortization		(335,396)
Net decrease in accrued interest payable		(14,692)
Loss on disposal of assets		-
Noncapital major repair		1,634,109
Less:		
Operating miscellaneous capital		(1,853,262)
Water acquisition		(634,975)
Capital improvement projects		(13,037,809)
Major repair projects		(446,171)
Principal payments		(7,173,465)
EXPENSES (GAAP basis)		40,492,206
INCOME (LOSS) BEFORE CONTRIBUTIONS	\$	5,070,927

CENTENNIAL WATER AND SANITATION DISTRICT STATISTICAL SECTION

DECEMBER 31, 2021

This section of the Centennial Water and Sanitation District Comprehensive Annual Financial Report presents detailed data as a context for understanding the information in the financial statements, note disclosures, and required supplementary information.

Content	Tables & Charts	<u>Pages</u>
FINANCIAL TRENDS These tables and charts contain trend information to help the reader understand how the District's financial condition has changed over time.	A1 – A3	24-27
REVENUE CAPACITY These tables and charts contain information to help the reader assess the District's largest revenue sources.	B1 – B4	28-32
DEBT CAPACITY These tables and charts present information to help the reader assess the affordability of the District's current levels of outstanding debt and the District's ability to issue debt in the future.	C1-C2	33-36
DEMOGRAPHIC & ECONOMIC INFORMATION These tables and charts offer demographic and economic indicators to help the reader understand the environment that the District's financial activities are taking place within.	D1-D2	37-38
OPERATING INFORMATION These tables and charts contain service data to help the reader understand how information in the financial report relates to the services the District provides and the activities it performs.	E1	39

TABLE A-1 NET POSITION Last Ten Years

	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	RESTATED 2020	2021
ASSETS										
Current Assets										
Current Operating - cash	\$ 45,725,030	\$ 44,453,163	\$ 42,498,661	\$ 45,572,506	\$ 48,564,732	\$ 51,998,405	\$ 57,171,036	\$ 62,546,142	\$ 62,648,105	\$ 65,918,706
Current Operating - noncash Current Restricted -cash	4,564,426 38,360,802	4,100,834 35,810,389	4,297,496 35,842,910	4,716,852 36,582,394	4,685,807 38,503,191	4,561,274 36,181,686	5,828,444 28,228,552	6,113,285 90,813,205	8,194,566 66,699,323	9,284,431 57,873,994
Current Restricted -noncash	86,312	49,048	24,781	11,129	3,792	30,181,080	20,220,332	75,215	58,615	16,924
Total Current Assets	88,736,570	84,413,434	82,663,848	86,882,881	91,757,522	92,741,365	91,228,032	159,547,847	137,600,609	133,094,055
Noncurrent Assets										
Capital assets (less accumulated										
depreciation)	187,809,077	190,258,675	191,014,878	186,834,091	184,539,071	191,916,339	220,555,101	256,225,346	289,640,684	297,458,392
Total Noncurrent Assets	187,809,077	190,258,675	191,014,878	186,834,091	184,539,071	191,916,339	220,555,101	256,225,346	289,640,684	297,458,392
Deferred outflows of resources Cost of bond refunding (restated 2010 on)	4,114,816	3,438,920	2,827,115	2,322,221	1,844,346	1,409,738	1,019,930	690,348	422,218	216,899
Total assets & deferred outflow of	4,114,010	3,436,720	2,027,113	2,322,221	1,044,540	1,409,738	1,019,930	090,348	422,216	210,699
resources	280,660,463	278,111,029	276,505,841	276,039,193	278,140,939	286,067,442	312,803,063	416,463,541	427,663,511	430,769,346
LIABILITIES										
Current Liabilities	1,755,309	1,775,491	1,591,523	1,557,140	1.564.762	1,840,086	1,947,183	2,222,112	2,131,090	2,185,885
from Current Operating Assets from Restricted Assets	4,993,484	5,861,490	5,861,606	5,727,539	5,874,600	8,008,623	6,824,621	16,769,899	2,131,090 9,950,300	2,185,885 11,753,623
Total Current Liabilities	6,748,793	7,636,981	7,453,129	7,284,679	7,439,362	9,848,709	8,771,804	18,992,011	12,081,390	13,939,508
I dial Current Diabilities	0,746,793	7,030,981		7,264,079	7,439,302	9,848,709	0,771,804	18,992,011	12,081,390	13,939,308
Noncurrent Liabilities										
Compensated absences	249,233	241,644	264,556	274,977	281,384	243,871	281,275	268,486	355,305	317,174
Revenue bonds payable	62,197,130	57,041,204	51,581,482	45,985,066	40,260,352	35,824,059	52,317,810	137,845,462	140,435,731	133,073,746
Total Noncurrent Liabilities	62,446,363	57,282,848	51,846,038	46,260,043	40,541,736	36,067,930	52,599,085	138,113,948	140,791,036	133,390,920
Total Liabilities	69,195,156	64,919,829	59,299,167	53,544,722	47,981,098	45,916,639	61,370,889	157,105,959	152,872,426	147,330,428
Deferred inflows of resources										
Lease revenue	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	1,400,642	1,184,814
Louise Tovellae									1,400,042	1,104,014
NET POSITION										
Net investment in capital assets	120,776,947	128,187,471	134,058,396	135,304,025	140,428,065	151,512,018	163,152,221	176,701,851	142,453,706	156,918,189
Restricted	6.640.000		6 650 000							
Debt Service	6,642,000 31, 700,983	6,664,495	6,659,000	6,688,000	6,813,000	7,257,405	9,550,000	10,247,285	13,798,205	14,086,722
Capital Projects Unrestricted	52,345,377	28,449,161 49,890,073	28,803,211 47,686,067	29,805,357 50,697,089	31,604,606 51,314,170	26,973,351 54,408,029	18,016,565 60,713,389	6,524,362 65,884,084	50,666,148 66,472,384	40,202,485 71,046,708
Total Net Position	211,465,307	213,191,200	217,206,674	222,494,471	230,159,841	240,150,803	251,432,175	259,357,582	273,390,443	282,254,104
Total Ivet Position	211,403,307	213,191,200	217,200,074		230,139,841	240,130,803	231,432,173	237,331,382	273,390,443	282,234,104
Total Liabilities and Net Position	\$ 280,660,463	\$ 278,111,029	\$ 276,505,841	\$ 276,039,193	\$ 278,140,939	\$ 286,067,442	\$ 312,803,063	\$ 416,463,541	\$ 427,663,511	\$ 430,769,346

TABLE A-2 CHANGE IN NET POSITION Last Ten Years

	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	RESTATED 2020	2021
OPERATING REVENUES										
Water Operations*	\$ 23,356,395	\$ 20,977,591	\$ 22,311,044	\$ 23,520,709	\$ 26,124,365	\$ 25,958,136	\$ 28,512,675	\$ 27,988,167	\$ 33,061,066	\$ 31,702,738
Wastewater Operations*	8,362,615	8,671,531	8,888,171	9,272,790	9,712,521	10,036,591	10,442,472	11,542,746	12,033,862	13,076,330
Total Operating Revenue	31,719,010	29,649,122	31,199,215	32,793,499	35,836,886	35,994,727	38,955,147	39,530,913	45,094,928	44,779,068
OPERATING EXPENSES										
Water operations	10,266,691	11,661,137	10,882,238	10,824,304	12,293,103	12,972,389	13,986,440	13,881,475	14,549,027	14,646,250
Wastewater operations	4,670,118	4,473,980	4,863,717	4,983,185	4,693,610	4,296,289	4,724,790	4,677,723	4,572,374	4,792,826
Administrative and general	5,571,191	5,644,674	5,885,419	6,108,415	6,438,264	7,015,519	7,158,519	7,043,588	7,567,867	8,073,425
Non capitalized expenses paid from major repair reserve	11	21,020	886,419	511,951	860,597	581,383	480,482	514,101	881,405	1,634,109
Depreciation	6,338,976	6,469,771	6,670,642	6,665,027	6,638,711	6,629,523	6,404,333	6,378,444	6,461,405	6,520,401
Total Operating Expense	26,846,987	28,270,582	29,188,435	29,092,882	30,924,285	31,495,103	32,754,564	32,495,331	34,032,078	35,667,011
Operating Income (Loss)	4,872,023	1,378,540	2,010,780	3,700,617	4,912,601	4,499,624	6,200,583	7,035,582	11,062,850	9,112,057
NONOPERATING REVENUES										
Net investment income (loss)	605,546	(54,156)	693,307	594,850	810,284	924,377	1,504,109	4,785,312	3,542,514	(469,318)
Gain on disposal of equipment	-	3,010	58,655	6,070	38,290	15,940	67,561	53,060	1,288	23,431
Other income	-	-	420,913	406,059	8,385	1,167,517	-	111,600	171,987	1,229,952
Total Nonoperating Revenue	605,546	(51,146)	1,172,875	1,006,979	856,959	2,107,834	1,571,670	4,949,972	3,715,789	784,065
NONOPERATING EXPENSES										
Interest	2,711,616	2,324,562	1,940,912	1,270,018	1,141,234	958,537	1,150,082	5,691,726	3,762,647	5,160,591
Amortization of bond issuance cost	425,646	37,265	49,767	467,130	455,498	423,042	389,808	628,501	-	(335,396)
Loss on disposal of equipment	12,688	-	239,063	-	85,519	379,180	249,540	139,271	268,130	-
Capital grants to other governments	-	-	-	-	-	=	=	-	-	-
Water Transfer	-	61,800	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	=
Total Nonoperating Expense	3,149,950	2,423,627	2,229,742	1,737,148	1,682,251	1,760,759	1,789,430	6,459,498	4,030,777	4,825,195
INCOME (LOSS) BEFORE										
CONTRIBUTIONS	2,327,619	(1,096,233)	953,913	2,970,448	4,087,309	4,846,699	5,982,823	5,526,056	10,747,862	5,070,927
CAPITAL CONTRIBUITONS IN/(OUT) Reserved Capacity Fees	3,133,475	2,822,126	3,061,561	2,317,349	3,578,061	5,144,263	5,298,549	2,399,351	3,284,998	3,792,726
CHANGE IN NET POSITION	5,461,094	1,725,893	4,015,474	5,287,797	7,665,370	9,990,962	11,281,372	7,925,407	14,032,860	8,863,653
NET POSITION - BEGINNING OF YEAR	206,004,213	211,465,307	213,191,200	217,206,674	222,494,471	230,159,841	240,150,803	251,432,175	259,357,582	273,390,442
NET POSITION - END OF YEAR	\$ 211,465,307	\$ 213,191,200	\$ 217,206,674	\$ 222,494,471	\$ 230,159,841	\$ 240,150,803	\$ 251,432,175	\$ 259,357,582	\$ 273,390,442	282,254,104

^{*}pledged as security - revenue bonds

TABLE A-3 REVENUES and RESERVED CAPACITY FEES Last Ten Years

	egy vikitin	UTILITY RE	VENUES (1)	er en
Year	Water Operating Revenue	Wastewater Operating Revenue	Nonoperating Revenue	Total
2012	23,356,395	8,362,615	605,546	32,324,556
2013	20,977,591	8,671,531	(51,146)	29,597,976
2014	22,311,044	8,888,171	1,172,875	32,372,090
2015	23,520,709	9,272,790	1,006,979	33,800,478
2016	26,124,365	9,712,521	856,959	36,693,845
2017	25,958,136	10,036,591	2,107,834	38,102,561
2018	28,512,675	10,442,472	1,571,670	40,526,817
2019	27,988,167	11,542,746	4,949,972	44,480,885
2020	33,061,066	12,033,862	3,715,789	48,810,717
2021	31,702,738	13,076,330	784,065	45,563,133

	RESERVED CAI	PACITY FEES (2)	
Highlands Ranch Metro District	Mirabelle Metro District	No. Douglas County Water & Sanitation	Total
3,108,063		25,412	3,133,475
2,673,681		148,445	2,822,126
3,061,561		-	3,061,561
2,317,349		-	2,317,349
3,578,061		-	3,578,061
5,144,263		-	5,144,263
5,298,549		-	5,298,549
1,008,272		1,391,079	2,399,351
942,814	1,138,520	1,203,664	3,284,998
686,964	1,903,020	1,202,742	3,792,726

- 1 Utility revenues includes all operating and nonoperating revenues per the financial statements
- 2 Pursuant to intergovernmental agreements, the District receives cash contributions from other governments for their license to use capacity in the total water and wastewater facilities of the District.

UTILITY REVENUES Chart A-3

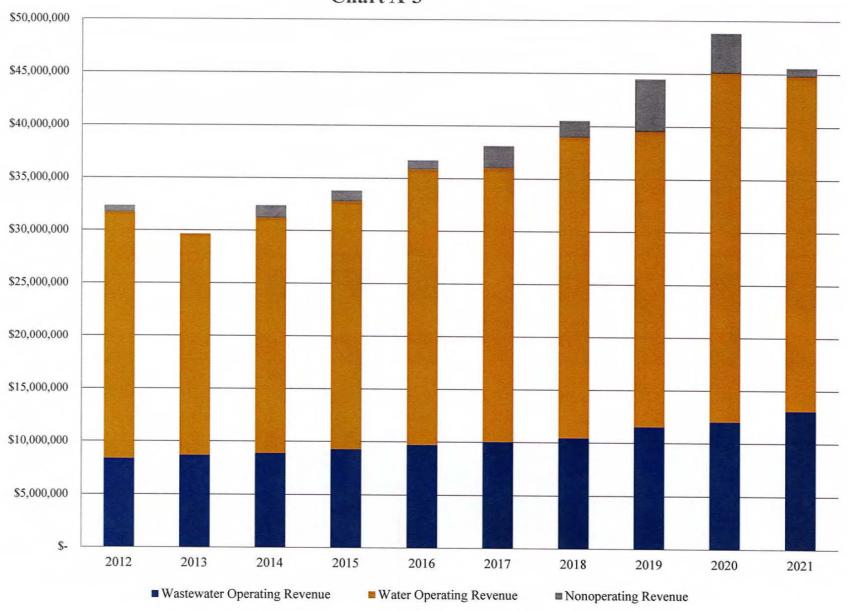


TABLE B-1
WATER SOLD BY CUSTOMER TYPE (in 1,000 gallons) - Highlands Ranch only
Last Ten Years

Year	Residential	Mulit-Family	Indoor Commercial	Outdoor Commercial	Government Irrigation	Industrial	Total	Change - year over year	Change - 10 year cumulative
2012	3,159,771	190,945	394,599	677,054	308,791	230,725	4,961,885	3.29%	26.46%
2013	2,810,481	192,788	330,726	415,692	249,393	177,057	4,176,137	-15.84%	6.44%
2014	2,641,481	195,510	327,490	699,840	254,916	148,336	4,267,573	2.19%	8.77%
2015	2,935,723	198,224	387,930	463,073	250,867	191,580	4,427,397	3.75%	12.84%
2016	3,011,130	211,179	367,893	574,410	298,553	215,720	4,678,885	5.68%	19.25%
2017	3,111,501	222,705	372,899	514,706	276,640	155,520	4,653,971	-0.53%	18.61%
2018	3,299,539	227,012	376,806	539,929	317,742	175,694	4,936,722	6.08%	25.82%
2019	3,039,070	228,879	386,492	505,453	264,454	151,735	4,576,083	-7.31%	16.63%
2020	3,587,538	232,061	370,045	608,419	342,795	157,526	5,298,384	15.78%	35.04%
2021	3,097,579	230,557	368,666	506,444	277,127	96,675	4,577,048	-13.61%	16.65%

Source: District's Utility Billing Division

Water Sold by Customer Type (in thousands)

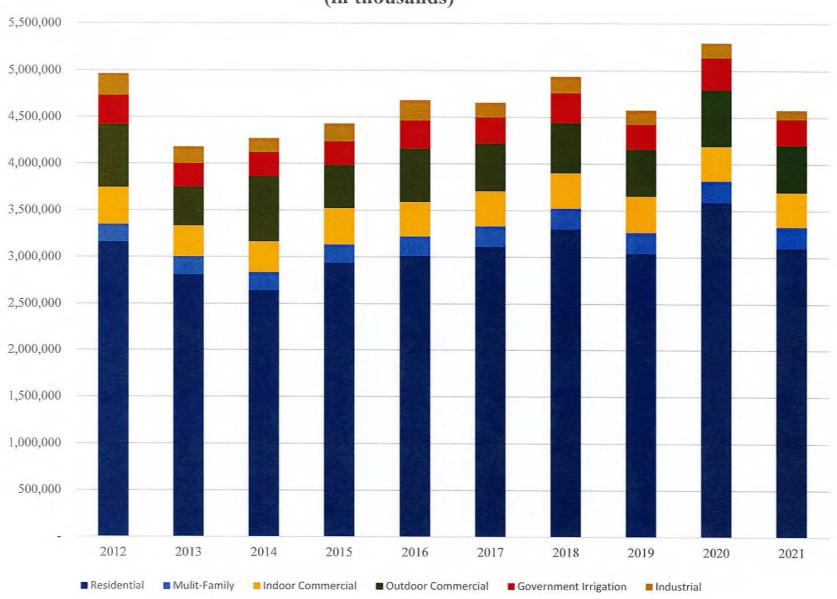


TABLE B-2
HISTORY OF BASE WATER and WASTEWATER RATES
Last Ten Years

		Water Rates		Wastewat	er Rates
Year	Service Availability Charge Monthly per equivalent	Base Rate per 1,000 gallons	Top Tier Rate per 1,000 gallons	Monthly Fixed Fee per equivalent	Rate per 1,000 gallons
2012	12.50	2.65	8.21	6.50	2.55
2013	12.50	2.75	8.52	6.50	2.65
2014	13.50	2.95	9.14	6.75	2.75
2015	13.50	3.05	9.46	6.75	2.93
2016	13.50	3.21	9.94	6.95	3.03
2017	13.50	3.41	10.56	6.95	3.08
2018	13.65	3.63	11.25	7.20	3.20
2019	14.70	3.73	11.55	9.30	3.35
2020	15.86	3.90	12.07	9.85	3.68
2021	16.75	4.10	12.68	10.76	3.75

- 1 Rates shown are as of December 31 of each year. Residential is billed bimonthly and noresidential is billed monthly.
- 2 Water rates are per 1,000 gallons of water consumed.
- 3 Residential wastewater rates are computed based on wintertime water usage. The minimum charge is based on 3,000 gallons.
- 4 Service availability charge and Monthly Fixed Fee shown are based on 3/4" equivalent tap size on a monthly basis.
- 5 Each Customer has a unique water budget that varies with lot size and time of year. Usage up to water budget is billed at the base rate. Usage above the water budget is billed in increasing rate tiers up to the top tier.

TABLE B-3

TAPS SOLD IN 3/4" Equivalent

Last Ten Years

		Highlands	Ranch Metro D	istrict			Northern Doug	las County	·.	Mi	irabelle M
	Resid	ential		Government		Resid	lential	<u>-</u>		Resid	lential
Year	Single Family	Multi-Family	Commercial	Irrigation	Total	Single Family	Multi-Family	Commercial	Total	Single Family	Multi-Fa
Prior to 2012	27,512	6,045	3,905	1,325	38,787	1,527	104	253	1,884	0	
2012	322	22	89	26	459	1	0	0	1	0	
2013	262	278	101	0	641	0	0	5	5	0	
2014	184	202	55	0	441	0	0	0	0	0	
2015	150	196	92	0	438	0	0	0	0	0	
2016	105	68	26	0	199	0	0	0	0	0	
2017	118	384	52	18	572	0	0	0	0	0	
2018	165	237	102	0	504	0	56	2	58	0	
2019	236	216	13	0	465	0	56	28	84	0	
2020	89	397	17	0	503	4	0	4	8	64	
2021	60	250	24	0	334	30	0	4	34	126	
Total	29,203	8,295	4,476	1,369	43,343	1,562	216	296	2,074	190	

1	Mi	rabelle Metrop	olitan District		
7	Resid	ential	Government		
╛	Single Family	Multi-Family	Irrigation	Total	TOTAL
4	0	0	0	o	40,671
	Ì			0	
1	0	0	0	0	460
5	0	0	0	0	646
0	0	0	0	0	441
	0	0	0	0	438
)[0	0	0	0	199
P	0	0	0	0	572
8	0	0	0	0	562
4	0	0	0	0	549
8	64	0	84	148	659
4	126	0	0	126	494
4	190	0	84	274	45,691

- 1 Centennial Water and Sanitation District serves the Highlands Ranch Metro District, Mirabelle Metropolitan District, and Northern Douglas County Water and Sanitation District.
- 2 Tap Fee units are given in number of dwelling units for single family (each of which would be one 3/4" single family equivalent "SFE") and multi-family residential units (each of which would be approximately .56 SFE) Commercial units are stated as number of 3/4" SFE. Tap Fees are collected prior to certificates of occupancy being approved.
- 3 The Highlands Ranch Metro District numbers include irrigation tap equivalents installed and paying usage rates but were not required to pay Tap Fees.

New 3/4" Equivalents in Highlands Ranch Chart B-3

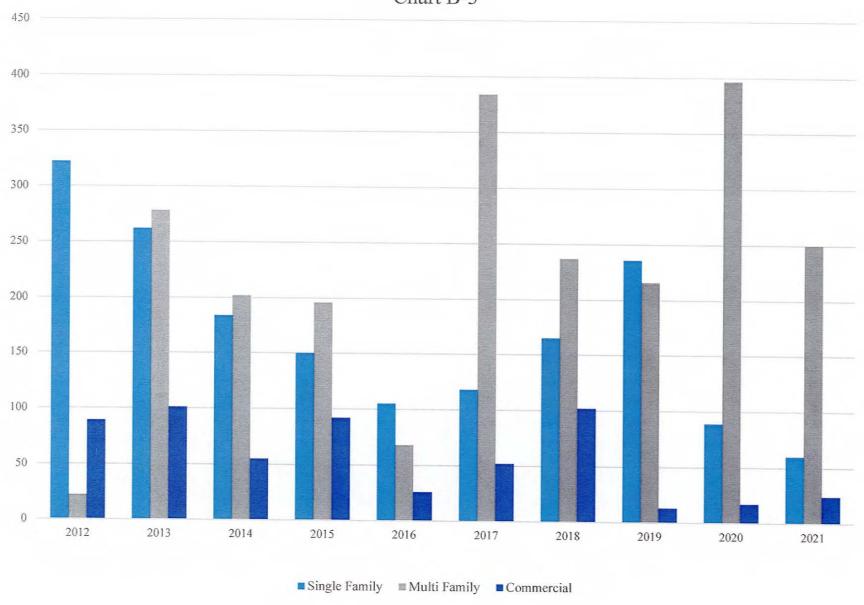


TABLE C-1 RATIO OF BONDED DEBT

${\tt NET\ BONDED\ DEBT\ PER\ CUSTOMER\ and\ PER\ CAPITA\ SERVED}$

Last Ten Years

							Ratio of (Gross Debt	Ratio of	Net Debt
	0	D =1 - 4! =		Gross Bonded	T N-4 D-l-4		Dan Cartana	-	Day Custom or	
Year	Customers Served (1)	Population Served	Capital Leases	Debt Outstanding	Less Net Debt Service Funds	Net Indebtedness	Per Customer (1)	Per Capita	Per Customer (1)	Per Capita
2012	41,131	97,341	33,393	66,725,000	6,642,000	60,116,393	1,622	685	1,462	618
2013	41,777	99,867	-	61,890,000	6,664,495	55,225,505	1,481	620	1,322	553
2014	42,218	102,348	-	56,860,000	6,835,357	50,024,643	1,347	556	1,185	489
2015	42,656	96,550	-	51,485,000	6,688,000	44,797,000	1,207	533	1,050	464
2016	42,855	97,720	-	45,950,000	6,813,000	39,137,000	1,072	470	913	401
2017	43,427	99,316	-	40,245,000	7,257,406	32,987,594	927	405	760	332
2018	43,989	102,017	-	34,255,000	9,550,000	24,705,000	779	336	562	242
2019	44,538	102,660	-	92,505,000	10,247,285	82,257,715	2,077	901	1,847	801
2020	45,197	104,893	-	86,270,000	13,798,205	72,471,795	1,909	822	1,603	691
2021	45,691	124,539	<u>-</u>	80,670,000	14,086,722	66,583,278	1,766	648	1,457	535

- 1 Customers served is based on the number of 3/4" single family equivalents per Table B-3.
- 2 Population is based on the estimated total population for Highlands Ranch Metro District, Northern Douglas County Water & Sanitation District, and Mirabelle Metropolitan District calculated using single family equivalent taps per Table B-3.
- 3 Gross bonded debt includes the principal on Revenue Bonds oustanding as of year-end adjusted to eliminate original issue premium and issue starting in 2011 and loss on refunding in prior years.
- 4 Net Debt Service Funds reflects investment amount held at year end (net of interfunds) included in Restricted Assets.

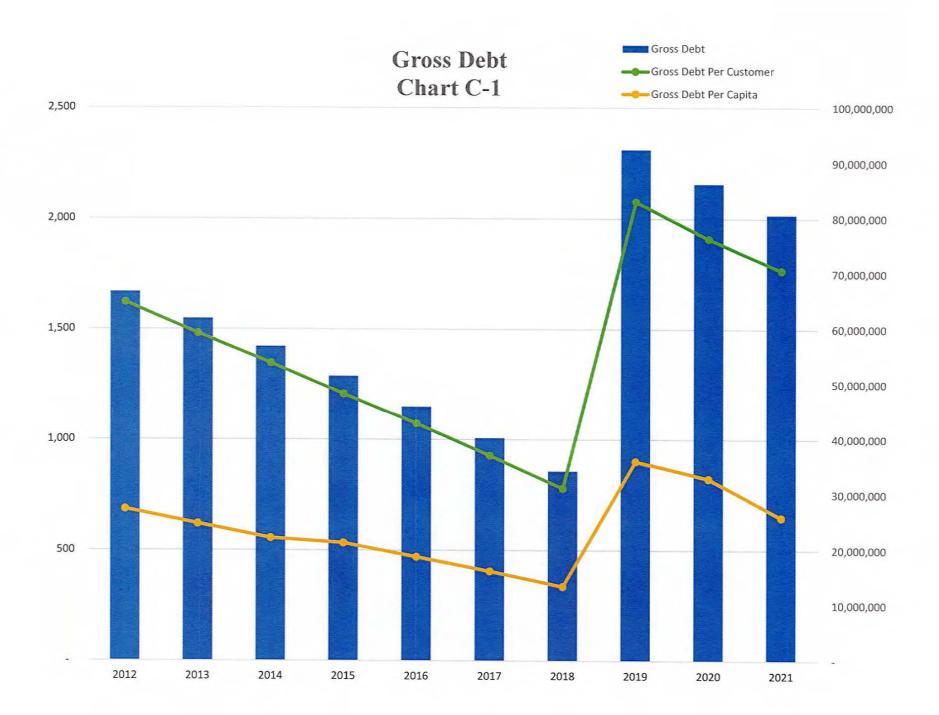


TABLE C-2 COVENANT REQUIRED BOND COVERAGE (1) Last Ten Years

											Current De	bt Compliance	Future Deb	t Compliance
Audit Year	Total Operating Revenue	Total Other Utility Revenue (2)	Total Recurring Revenue (2)	Operating Expenses before Depreciation (3)	Net Recurring (Operating) Revenue available for Debt Service	Total Net Capital Contributions	Total Funding available for Debt Service and Capital Outlay (5)	Financial Assurance Balance Required or Established (10)	Current Year Annual Debt Service	Maximum Annual Debt Service (6)	Net Recurring Revenue vs. Current Year Debt Service (6)	Total Funding + Financial Assurance vs. Current Annutal Debt Service (7)	Maximum Annual Debt Service(8)	Total Funding + Financial Assurance vs. Maximum Annutal Debt Service (9)
2012	31,719,010	605,546	32,324,556	20,508,000	11,816,556	3,133,475	14,950,031	6,552,892	6,639,841	6,813,000	177.96%	323.85%	6,843,000	315.62%
2013	29,649,122	(54,156)	29,594,966	21,779,791	7,815,175	2,822,126	10,637,301	5,114,373	6,703,000	6,813,000	116.59%	234.99%	6,813,000	231.20%
2014	31,199,215	693,307	31,892,522	21,631,374	10,261,148	3,061,561	13,322,709	5,694,663	6,498,108	6,813,000	157.91%	292.66%	6,813,000	279.13%
2015	32,793,499	594,850	33,388,349	21,915,904	11,472,445	2,317,349	13,789,794	5,936,686	6,688,000	6,813,000	171.54%	294.95%	6,813,000	289.54%
2016	35,836,886	810,284	36,647,170	23,424,977	13,222,193	3,578,061	16,800,254	7,898,634	6,813,000	6,813,000	194.07%	362.53%	6,813,000	362.53%
2017	35,994,727	924,377	36,919,104	24,284,197	12,634,907	5,144,263	17,779,170	8,994,664	6,813,000	6,813,000	185.45%	392.98%	7,250,500	392.98%
2018	38,955,147	1,504,109	40,459,256	25,869,749	14,589,507	5,298,549	19,888,056	12,694,664	7,250,500	7,250,500	201.22%	449,39%	7,680,000	449.39%
2019	39,530,913	4,785,312	44,316,225	25,602,786	18,713,439	2,399,351	21,112,790	14,694,664	11,942,000	11,945,000	156.70%	299.84%	11,945,000	299.77%
2020	45,094,928	3,542,514	48,637,442	26,689,268	21,948,174	3,284,998	25,233,172	18,694,664	11,942,000	11,945,000	183.79%	367.84%	11,945,000	367.75%
2021	44,779,068	(469,318)	44,309,750	27,512,501	16,797,249	3,792,726	20,589,975	18,694,664	12,758,000	12,758,000	131.66%	307.92%	12,760,000	307.92%

- 1 Bond coverage is based on the debt service on outstanding revenue bonds/loans per the respective resolutions..
- 2 Includes all income received from the operation of the District facilities including rates, fees, tolls and charge plus net investment incombut excludes other non-operating income and Capital Contributions (i.e. Reserved Capacity Fees)
- 3 Expenses for normal operations and maintenance but not including depreciation or expenses for non-capitalized major repairs made from a fund established for major repair.
- 4 Total Annual Debt Service includes actual interest paid. Amount is per financial statements increased by any amount capitalized; adjusted for accrued interest plus annual principal payment but not principal retired by refunding
- 5 Total Revenue less O&M Expenses plus Capital Contributions (Reserved Capacity Payments).
- 6 Required 100% Coverage test contained in Series 2005, 2008 and 2012 bond/loan resolutions.
- 7 Required 125% Coverage test contained in Series 2005, 2008 and 2012 bond/loan resolutions.
- 8 Maximum annual future debt service (principal and interest) as of December 31 of the audit year
- 9 125% coverage test contained in Series 2005, 2008 and 2012 bond/loan resolutions based on maximum annual debt service at then year end for future debt issues
- 10 In 2011 the Board voluntarily, by Resolution, established an internal fund that acts as the equivalent of a Rate Stabilization Fund

Covenant Required Current Debt Coverage

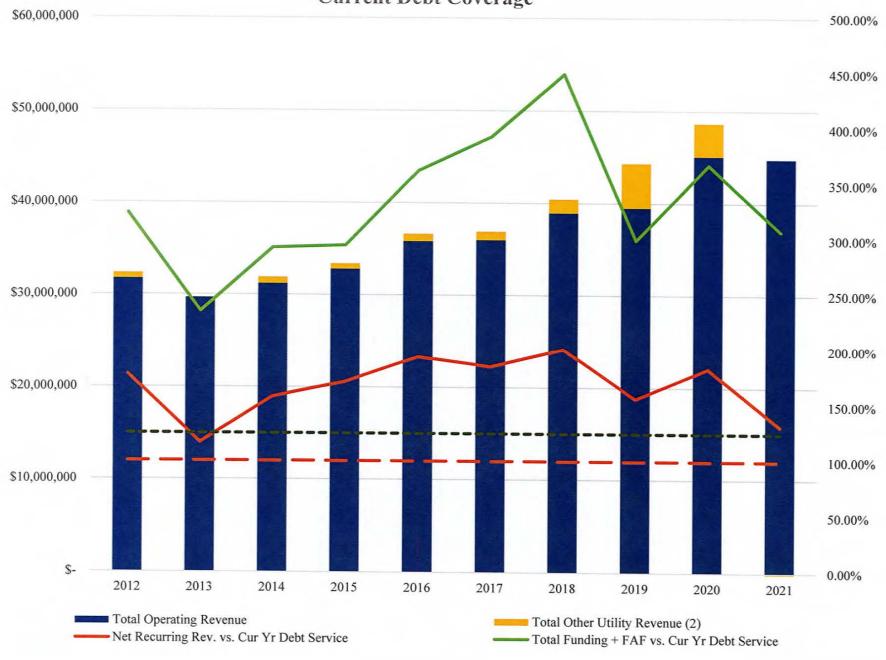


TABLE D-1 $\begin{tabular}{ll} DOUGLAS COUNTY, COLORADO - DEMOGRAPHIC STATISTICS \\ Last Ten Years \end{tabular}$

					DOUGLAS	COUNTY, CO	OLORADO			
Year	Total Population Served (1)	Estimated Population (3)	Personal Income (\$1,000) (5)	Personal Income Per Capita (5)	Median Age (3)	Average Household Size (3)	Occupancy % (3)	Public School Enrollment (4)	School Enrollment to Population	Unemploy- ment Rate (3)
2012	97,341	295,689	18,105,971	60,614	37.5	2.83	96.30%	63,114	21.3%	5.9%
2013	99,867	302,464	19,140,066	62,501	37.2	2.86	96.00%	64,600	21.4%	5.6%
2014	102,348	308,000	20,781,101	66,067	37.8	2.90	95.00%	67,000	21.8%	4.5%
2015	96,550	328,990	21,793,881	67,678	38.4	2.71	97.60%	66,702	20.3%	2.6%
2016	97,720	336,000	22,589,045	68,823	38.9	2.73	96.30%	66,896	19.9%	2.8%
2017	99,316	346,000	23,635,776	70,383	38.9	2.81	95.70%	67,470	19.5%	2.6%
2018	102,017	358,000	25,811,488	75,255	39.1	2.73	97.10%	67,597	18.9%	3.4%
2019	102,660	370,000	27,549,902	78,455	39.3	2.75	96.40%	67,591	18.3%	2.8%
2020	104,893	379,000	30,923,747	81,593	38.5	2.52	96.40%	67,305	17.8%	6.3%
2021	124,539	373,275	29,776,147	79,770	39.3	2.75	95.74%	62,979	16.9%	5.2%

Notes:

- 1 The Highlands Ranch Metro District, Northern Douglas County Water and Sanitation District, and Mirabelle Metropolitan District are located within Douglas County. Demographic data, other than population estimates, for the three districts are not available. However Douglas County data is generally representative of the three districts.
- 2 District population seved is based on taps sold from Tables B-3 and C-1 multiplied by occupancy % and population per household estimates supplied by Douglas County.

Source: Douglas County, Colorado 2021 Comprehensive Annual Financial Report

TABLE D-2

Douglas County, Colorado Principal Employers

2021	2012
* 7	77 1

Employer	Rank	Employee Count	% of Total	Rank	Employee Count	% of Total
Douglas County School District	1	6,174	3.37%	1	5,292	3.31%
Charles Schwab	2	4,470	2.44%			
Echostar Communications	3	2,170	1.18%	2	1,950	1.22%
Centura Health	4	1,510	0.82%	7	930	0.58%
Healthone: Sky Ridge Medical	5	1,360	0.74%	4	1,110	0.69%
Douglas County Government	6	1,359	0.74%	6	1,061	0.66%
VISA Debit Processing Services	7	1,200	0.65%			
Specialized Loan Servicing LLC	8	840	0.46%			
HIS Markit	9	730	0.40%			
Jacobs Engineering (formerly CH2M Hill)	10	710	0.39%	3	1,630	1.02%
Western Union				5	1,090	0.68%
Liberty Media				10	620	0.39%
AVAYA				9	650	0.41%
Information Handling Systems				8	730	0.46%
Total for Principal Employers		20,523	11.2%		15,063	9.41%

Source: Douglas County, Colorado 2021 Comprehensive Annual Financial Report

TABLE E-1 OPERATING INFORMATION 12/31/2021

	OPERA	ATING INFO	RMATION							
		12/31/202	:1							
	FULL TIME EQUIVAI	LENT EMP	LOYEES AS	OF DECE	MBER 31, 2	2021	 		 "	
	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021
O&M Management	5.00	5.00	5.50	7.00	7.00	8.00	8.00	8.00	9.00	9.00
Plant Operations	21.00	21.00	21.00	24.00	24.00	24.00	27.00	27.00	21.25	21.25
Plant Maintenance	10.00	11.00	11.00	11.00	11.00	11.00	11.00	11.00	15.00	15.00
Collection and Distribution	23.00	23.00	23.00	20.00	20.00	21.00	21.00	21.00	21.00	21.00
Lab	5.00	5.00	5.00	5.00	5.00	5.00	5.00	5.00	5.00	5.00
Engineering	7.50	7.50	7.50	8.50	8.50	8.48	9.95	8.25	5.00	5.00
General Management	4.25	4.25	4.25	4.25	4.25	4.15	4.15	2.00	2.00	3.00
Financial Services	7.30	7.30	7.30	7.30	7.30	7.11	6.25	9.00	9.50	9.50
Customer Service	7.25	7.25	7.25	7.25	7.25	6.50	6.50	6.50	6.50	6.50
Temporaries	3.00	3.00	3.00	3.00	3.00	2.96	2.96	1.51	1.51	1.51
TOTAL	93.30	94.30	94.80	97.30	97.30	98.20	101.81	99.26	95.76	96.76
	(OPERATIN	G INDICAT	ORS	*			<u> </u>		
	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021
Customers Served - Total	41,309	41,955	42,388	42,826	42,855	43,427	43,989	44,538	45,197	45,691
Gallons Billed in Millions	4,962	4,176	4,268	4,427	4,679	4,654	4,937	4,576	5,298	4,577
		CAPITA	AL ASSETS	_						
	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021

		CAPIT	AL ASSET	S					_	
	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021
WATER	<u> </u>									
Water Filtration Treatment Plant Gross Capacity MGD	40	40	40	40	40	40	40	40	40	40
Wells available for service	52	55	55	55	55	55	55	55	55	55
Pump Stations	12	12	12	12	12	12	12	13	13	13
Raw Water Storage Reservoirs - number	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	3	3
Raw Water Storage Reservoirs - capacity	6605 AF	6605 AF	6605 AF	6605 AF	6605 AF	6605 AF	6605 AF	6605 AF	13527 AF	13527 AF
Treated Storage Reservoirs - number	8	8	8	8	8	8	8	8	8	8
Treated Storage Reservoirs - capacity	38MG	38MG	38 MG	38 MG	38 MG	38 MG	38 MG	38 MG	38 MG	38 MG
Ground Water Pressure Filtration Plants	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2
Miles of water pipelines	437	438	442	443	446	452	452	457	461	463
Valves	10,169	10,196	10,344	10,378	10,541	10,679	10,755	11,058	11,274	11,408
Fire Hydrants	3036	3043	3090	3099	3,129	3164	3,180	3,228	3,278	3,293
WASTEWATER										
8.5 MGD Wastewater Treatment Plant	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
Lift Station	4	4	4	4	4	4	4	4	6	6
Miles of sewer pipeline	321	322	325	325	327	328	333	336	339	463
Manholes	8,569	8,596	8,725	8,753	8,794	8,845	8,887	9,005	9103	9,148